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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
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The population of France is now greater than the United Kingdom of England by a small amount, but the rate of gain the latter is such that it will surpass France in a few years.

A trial recently made in the German army showed that dispatches can be sent more speedily by horsemen than by bicyclists. The horses were not ridden at high speed, while the bicyclists went at full speed.

According to good authority, $100 a mile of railroad track a year is saved the railroad companies by treating chemically the wood of which the ties are made before using them. The average life of an untreated tie is one to four years, while by the process it may be increased to ten or fifteen.

Edward Reading, an incorrigible English urchin of 8 years old, has, it is said, succeeded in getting himself practically emancipated. His father gave him a flogging for some of his misdeeds and the boy prosecuted him. The magistrate who tried the case bound the father over to "keep the peace" for six months, which, of course, means imprisonment if he lays the weight of his hand on the boy during that time.

It is the unanimous testimony of travelers that Port Said, Egypt, is the wickedest small city in the world. "The sink of creation" is the phrase commonly applied to the place by those who know its vices. At Port Said all vessels passing through the Suez Canal are detained from three to six hours, and during that short time sailors and travelers become the victims of vicious persons who are attracted to Port Said by the opportunities offered by its peculiar character. The outcasts of every great European city find in Port Said a congenial resting place.

Among the richest citizens of the Southern States today, declares the Boston Transcript, are several colored men who began active life under adverse circumstances. Mr. Sylvester of Galveston, Texas, is said to possess real estate and personal property valued at more than $350,000. His wife employs only white servants. Milton Sterrett of Houston, Texas, is one of the most successful men in that town. He owns a fine house, surrounded by beautiful grounds, which are cared for by a landscape gardener, and several plantations in Texas. During the civil war he was a waiter on the boats running between Galveston and Houston. His fortune, estimated at $100,000, was made in real-estate speculations. Senator C. N. Burton of Fort Bend County, Texas, was born a slave. He is now the enviable owner of the plantation of his former master, and three other farms in the most fertile parts of his native State. He cares tenderly for his mistress, who, like so many of her kind, has been reduced to poverty. He sent the good woman back to her old home in Virginia, where she still lives. For fifteen years she has received $150 a month from the man who was once her slave. His success, he declares, is due to her alone. Senator Burton is a good lawyer and is popular with the members of both political parties. Henry Black, the ranchman of Tom Green and Pecos counties, is also worth $500,000. Mrs. Harvey, the widow of the mulatto who died a few years ago, is one of the richest women in the State.

According to the Chicago News the United States will gather this year more plentiful crops than, in all probability, have ever been known in this country. From the great northwest, with its immense wheat fields, from the Pacific coast, from the central west and from the south down to Texas the grain crops are the largest ever produced. The yields will probably be about 580,000,000 bushels of wheat, 2,000,000,000 bushels of corn, between 600,000,000 and 700,000,000 bushels of oats and over 100,000,000 bushels of other grains, making an aggregate of about 3,300,000,000 bushels, or about 1,000,000,000 bushels more than in 1890. This increase of 1,000,000,000 bushels is equal to 1,000,000 carloads of 60,000 pounds each. Nearly all other crops promise the same abundant yield, rice, sugar, tobacco, fruits, grasses, etc., all adding immensely to the profit of farmers. Cotton alone of all the big crops will fall short of 1890, but this will be an advantage, as the yield of last year was too large for the demand. A prominent manufacturing journal points out that with all this enormous production of grain prices will be well maintained because of the scarcity in Europe, and so American farmers will receive more money this year for their crops than ever before. This phenomenal prosperity is certain to tax there sources of the railroads of the country to an extent not yet realized, for the handling of the immense crops and the business which they will necessarily develop added to the regular traffic of the country will require more rolling stock than is at present available.

Telling the Bees.

Out of the house where the slumberer lay
Grandfather came one summer day,
And under the pleasant orchard trees
He spake this wise to the slumbering bees:
"The clover bloom that kissed her feet
And the posie bed where she used to play
Have honey store, but none so sweet
As ere our little one went away.
O bees, sing soft, and bees sing low,
For she is gone who loved you so!"

A wonder fell on the listening bees
Under those pleasant orchard trees,
And in their toil that summer day
Ever their murmuring seemed to say:
"Child, O child, the grass is cool
And the posies are waking to hear the song
Of the bird that sings by the shaded pool,
Waiting for one that tarrieth long!"
'Twas so they called to the little one then,
As if to call her back again.

O gentle bees, I have come to say
That grandfather fell asleep today.
And we know by the smile on grandfather's face
He has found his dear one's hiding place.
So bees, sing soft, and bees, sing low,
As over the honey fields you sweep;
To the trees abloom and the flowers ablow
Sing of grandfather fast asleep.
And ever beneath these orchard trees
Find cheer and shelter, gentle bees.
—[Eugene Field in Chicago News.

ALDA.

"I never was so flabbergasted in my life!" said Miss Miriam Mills.

"So—what?" queried the deacon.

Miss Misiam laughed.

"Yes, I know," said she, "I don't s'pose you can find the word in the dictionary. But it expresses just exactly my meanin'. I'm puzzled—driv to my wit's end."

The deacon laid down the whetstone wherewith he was sharpening his scythe blade.

"What about, Miriam?" said he.

"About Alda. There's her name, to begin with!"

"It is sort of a queer name," admitted the deacon, smiling.

He was not a young man, but when he smiled his whole rugged face lighted up, like a beam of sunshine on a rough rock, and his dark-gray eyes sparkled.

Opposite him stood Miss Miriam, tall and lean, like a bean-pole, dressed in lilac calico, and topped off with a knob of sandy hair.

She was fully ten years older than the deacon, and by virtue of those ten years ruled him as an indulgent mother rules a little boy.

"But I could get along with that," said Miriam. "She didn't name herself, an' I don't s'pose she's to blame for the outlandishness of the thing. But I can't do nothin' with her. That's why I'm flabbergasted!"

"You picked her out yourself, didn't you, at the Home for Homeless Girls?"

"Of course I did. But she don't 'pear like the same girl now that she did then. She was a little downcast thing, as pale as a sheet, and quivering all over, if you did but look at her, an' 'twas all you could do to get 'Yes' an' 'No' out of her. But now—"

"Well, ain't she quiet enough now?"

"Quiet! I heerd the greatest screechin' yesterday, an' I ran to the ten-acre medder, makin' sure the black bull had broke loose, an' there was Alda on the very tiptop of Balloon Rock, with her hands clasped over her head, hollerin'.

"'Mercy me!' says I, 'what's the matter?'

"'Nothin',' says she, lookin' sheepish. 'But the sun shone an' the birds was whistlin', an' I felt just like singin'. Mother used to sing,' says she.

"'Where?' says I.

"'On the stage,' says she.

"'An omnibus stage?' says I.

"'No,' says she; 'where the people and the footlights are. But mother died o' consumption,' says she.

"And last week I went out to the barn to git some eggs, and there she was curled up in the haymow, readin'.

"Alda, says I, 'why ain't you to work? I set you to weedin' them young beets.

"'I did weed 'em' says she, 'till I was tired; and I'm goin' back to work when I'm rested.'

"'Look here,' says I, 'this won't do! You can't come and go as you choose. You're my girl now, and you've got to do as I say.'

"And she never answered a word, but just threw down the book and flashed out like a streak o' lightnin'. And there in the barn chamber, when I went into it, was the biggest lot o' fixins! She had partitioned it off with the horse blankets, and there was the wooden settee in one, and a lot o' posies in no handled pitcher in another, and a lot of old picture-papers in another.

"Alda!' says I, callin' out of the window, 'what's all this?'

"'It's home,' says she.

"'Fiddlesticks!' says I. 'Come and clear it all right out. I want this room to store things in.'

"And then she began to cry.

"'I never had a home before,' says she. 'Can't I keep this one?'"

"Poor child!" said the deacon, feeling the edge of his scythe to see if it was sharp enough. "It was 'most a pity to disturb the place, wan't it?"

"Child!" echoed Miss Miriam. "Why, she's sixteen—old enough not to want a play-place like a baby."

The deacon was silent. How could he make his practical, level-headed sister comprehend the sentiment of the thing?

"She's a pretty good worker, ain't she?" said he.

"Yes—by fits and starts. But you can't never depend on her. I tell you, William, that play-actin' blood's in her, and there's no gettin' it out. She dances and sings and flies around like all possessed as long as she feels like it, and then she seems to think that 'bein' tired' is a sufficient excuse for anything. I asked her t'other day why she was so different now from what I noticed at the Home, and says she, 'Oh, I was struck dumb for fear you wouldn't take me! I was so tired of that place! And if you hadn't took me, I should have run away.'

"'Alda,' says I, 'you mustn't talk so.'

"'Well, I should,' says she."

"Poor little girl!" said Mr. Millis.

"There she comes now, with her apron full o' wild red plums!" said Miss Miriam, with a start. "And I left her washin' down by the brook. Why can't she stick to her work?"

For Miss Mills, like many another good housekeeper, had made an outdoor laundry in the summer time in a shady nook by the brook, where a huge kettle boiled under a gipsy crotch and the water supply bubbled past over a bed of stones.

Alda Black came slowly up the path. She was auburn-haired, with one of those radiant complexions that are slightly marred by freckles, and reddish hazel eyes full of weird lights—a strange-looking girl, yet singularly attractive.

"See what I found in the woods," she said composedly.

Miss Miriam pushed aside her trophies with such abruptness that the red plums flew this way and that.

"I don't care what you found," said she. "What business had you in the woods?" Have you finished the washing?"

"I couldn't," shivered Alda. "It made my arms ache so. I never washed before."

"Then it's high time you learned," said Miss Miriam. "Go back to your tubs, and don't let me see your face again till the wash is all done. It's not a heavy one, and I've told you just how to do it."

Alda's countenance fell.

"Am I to work all the time?" said she passionately.

"That's what we're put into this world for," said Miss Mills, didactically.

"I don't like to work," pleaded Alda. "Not all the time, I mean."

"It don't matter what you like or what you don't like," said Miss Miriam, sternly. "Go back and finish that washing at once!"

Alda looked at her mistress with slant red lights in those wonderful hazel eyes of hers. For a second it seemed as if downright rebellion were impending.

The deacon, still polishing the glittering scythe blade, awaited the climax, not without interest.

But finally the girl turned around and went back to the shady spot where the kettles boiled and the water went singing by.

And there, as afterward transpired, she sat, reading an old story paper, and eating late blackberries, until the horn blew for dinner.

"I was tired," she said indifferently. "I could'nt work any more."

Miss Miriam's slender thread of patience gave way, at this last transgression.

"William," said she to her brother, "I've made up my mind at last. Aunt Dorcas Keep wants a 'help' up in the Black Woods. Aunt Dorcas is a woman who won't stand no nonsense. She was matron in the penitentiary for ten years. If there's any work in Alda, Aunt Dorcas Keep 'll get it out of her. I'll send Alda there instead o' going myself, this harvest time!"

"Ain't it a pretty rough place to send the child?" asked Deacon Mills, dubiously.

"It's just the sort of place she needs!" retorted his sister. "I wish you'd harness up and take her over right away. I must get rid of Alda somehow."

But the house seemed strangely lonesome when Alda Black was gone. The sweet, piercing voice, caroling out the refrain of old ballads, the merry laugh, the glancing to and fro of the shining red-brown head, the masses of wild-flowers which the girl was wont to put everywhere, were missed beyond all Miriam Mills' calculation. Still she scorned to complain.

But one April day the deacon came in and found her on the calico cushioned settee, with a white, drawn face.

"It's that old rheumatic pain again, William," said she. "I—I guess you'd better go arter Alda again. I need someone to help me, and I somehow think Alda would suit me. Aunt Dorcas will spare her, I know."

"Miriam," said the deacon, soberly, "I wasn't meanin' to tell you, but Alda ain't over in the Back Woods any more. Aunt Dorcas Keep she worked the girl pretty hard, and Alda ran away."

"Ran away! Oh, I hope she ain't fell into no bad hands!" gasped Miss Miriam.

"She went to the pastor's house. The pastor's wife took her in, and she writ to me—Alda wanted her to write—that she'd make a good home for the child. They were educatin' her up, and trainin' that sweet voice of hers for the choir, odd times, when she wasn't workin' about the house. And I've heerd tell she was engaged to the organist, a likely young feller that owned a good farm there."

Miss Miriam uttered a groan.

"Then," said she, "she won't come!"

"We might try," said the deacon.

And he went for Neighbor Dalley's wife to stay with Miriam while he hitched up the horse and drove to Putney Parsonage.

Alda ran joyously out to meet him. How she had changed! How the good pastoress had trained and civilized her! To the deacon, who had not seen a woman under sixty, except on Sundays, all winter long, her beauty seemed fairly dazzling. Yes, she would go to take care of Miss Miriam. Of course she would go! Wasn't it Miss Miriam that first released her from the bondage of the unhomelike "Home?" Did Miss Miriam really want to see her? Oh, if Miss Miriam only knew how she, Alda, had longed to see the farm again and the washplace by the brook and the Balloon Rock!

Yes, of course she would go! And George Atlee, the young organist, himself helped carry her trunk out to the deacon's wagon.

But not until they were well out upon the road did Alda look up into the deacon's face with brimming eyes, and say:

"Oh, I have been so homesick—so deadly homesick to see Miss Miriam again—and you!"

"Me!" repeated the deacon; and every drop in his veins seemed turned to little tingling prickles. "Me, Alda?"

Miss Miriam received Alda with open arms.

"Child," said she, "I never knew how much I should miss you. After this you must never go and leave me any more—unless," checking herself abruptly, "it is true about Mr. Atlee. Are you really engaged, Alda?"

Alda colored rosy-red.

"Oh, Miss Miriam, I am married!" she confessed.

"Married! Oh, Alda!" groaned Miss Mills. "Then you never can stay here—"

"Yes, she can, too!" broke in the deacon, his countenance all one broad beam. "It's me that she's married to. It come to me all of a sudden on the way home that I loved the girl, that I couldn't noways do without her. And she said she loved me—"

"Yes, I did!" broke out Alda, with shining eyes.

"And we jest stopped at the Methodist minister's and got married. So Alda will stay and nurse you after all."

"And she's welcome as flowers in May?" said the spinster, after a moment of bewilderment. "But I do declare, I never thought o' that way out of it!"—[Saturday Night.

Some Curious Time-Keepers.

An American traveller once saw a rare and wonderful Japanese timepiece. He described it as being in a frame three feet wide and five feet long, representing a noonday landscape of great loveliness. In the foreground were plum and cherry trees and rich plants in full bloom; in the rear a hill, gradual in ascent, from which flowed, or seemed to flow, a cascade, admirably imitated in crystal. From this point a thread-like stream glided along, encircling rocks and islands in its windings, finally losing itself in a far-off stretch of woodland. In a miniature sky above a golden sun turned on a silver wire, striking the hours on silver gongs as it passed. Each hour was marked on the frame, and indicated by a slowly creeping tortise, which served in the place of a hand or pointer. A bird of exquisite plumage sang at the close of each hour, and as the song ceased a mouse sprang from a grotto near by, and scampering over the hill in the garden, was soon lost to view.

In the South Kensington Museum, London, there is a watch representing an apple, which is about the size of a cherry and is composed of 123 pieces.

A Nuremberg watch in the form of an acorn has a tiny pistol which serves as an alarm.

The Bishop of Ely had a watch in his canehead, and the Prince of Saxony has one in the horn of his saddle. —[St. Louis Republic.

Mrs. Strong—The greatest thing is—what you are! Her Pretty Niece—Wrong, auntie; the great thing is, what you wear.

THE PURSER.

A Steamship Official Whose Duties are Many.

Takes the Tickets, Keeps the Log and Hunts Stowaways.

The purser on an Atlantic liner wears one gold stripe, on a black velvet band. He is one of the most important officers of the ship, and he has all sorts of things to do. He is in charge of the passenger department and all stores, and signs all requisitions with the chief steward. He is the financial agent of the owners aboard ship. He collects the tickets from the passengers, sees that they are all properly berthed, and acts as a general business manager. All mails are in his charge, and any specie on the ship in transmission is in his personal care, and while it is on board he must not leave the ship.

The purser's work at sea begins with the muster of the crew before the passengers come aboard. After the muster of the crew is dismissed all the steerage and second cabin passengers are mustered, and have to pass the ship's doctor and a Board of Trade man. After that the purser receives the saloon passengers and settles them in their rooms. That generally takes the time of the first day. There are always in the busy season disputes about rooms and berths which he must settle. Everybody who wants to know anything about the ship asks the purser. He is expected to run a bank for the accommodation of the passengers and to decide bets in sporting events. People who want to change their berths have to see him, and those who do not want anything come to see him because they don't want anything. His office bell rings all the time. Bills for storage, cartage and such things, incurred through the office, are brought to him to be paid and then disputed. All in all, his life is about as pleasant as the chief steward's.

The morning after leaving port he takes the steerage and second cabin tickets. The steerage passengers are all mustered at one end of the ship and the other end is carefully searched. Then the tickets are taken and the passengers allowed to go to the end of the ship which has been searched, while the other end is searched. In this way nobody escapes and stowaways are caught. The second cabin passengers are mustered in the saloon and their tickets taken. They are then sent on deck and the cabin searched.

The saloon passengers give their tickets to the bedroom stewards, who when he has gathered all the tickets for his section turns them over to his purser. There are several lists which the purser must make out while at sea. On west-bound passages he makes out three passenger manifests, one for the State Board of Immigration and two for the custom officers. These lists give the name, age, sex, residence, nativity, and occupation of each passenger, and the number of pieces of his baggage. The cargo manifest for the custom officers is a complete list of all pieces of cargo, the names of the shipper and consignee, the marks on the boxes and a description of the goods. All packages of freight of value are taken in personal charge by the purser and locked in specie vaults.

Every morning at 10 1-2 o'clock he goes with the doctor and chief officer on an inspection of the ship. Four or five other times during the day he makes the rounds, and always the last thing he does at night before turning in is to make an inspection. There are a hundred little things for him to do, such as changing money and making the Associated Press abstract of the log. He is the only one authorized to send letters and telegrams ashore by the pilot at Sandy Hook or at Queenstown. He keeps the crew list and the articles and makes up the official log of the ship, in which is kept the record of all occurrences of interest and of all offences by the crew. This is done for the Board of Trade, so that when the men are paid off in Liverpool by the purser, for every fine or deduction from their wages he must show the entry of the occurrence of the offence in his official log book.—[New York Sun.

How a Spanish Nobleman Won a Hazardous Wager.

A wealtay gentleman of Basque descent lived in the city of Mexico. He was a good deal of a madcap and noted for his daring eccentricities. The reigning Viceroy, a Spanish nobleman was especially objectionable to him, and one day when the Basque gentleman was among some lively and congenial friends, talk fell on the law which provided that no one other than the Viceroy might drive about with spotted horses. This was a privilege which the Viceroys were very zealous in maintaining.

As a result of the discussion the Basque gentleman, something of a "calavera," as they say in Spanish—a wild fellow as we would put it—wagered with a Mexican marquis that he would himself hitch four spotted horses into his coach, and drive through the principal streets of Mexico. Twenty thousand dollars was the amount of the wager.

In a few days a handsome coach, with four spotted horses, was driven up the main avenue of the city past the present Iturbide Hotel to the very gates of the viceregal palace. The coach was driven several times up and down in front of the palace, while sentries presented arms, thinking it to be the viceregal coach. Some one ran up stairs and informed the Viceroy himself of the presence in the street of a coach with spotted horses, and out went the pompous Spanish viceking to a balcony to see, with his own eyes, the defiance of his privilege and infraction of the law.

The Basque gentleman leaned out of the window, saluted the Viceroy most graciously, and then ordered the coachman to enter the main courtyard of the palace. On reaching the very heart of the viceregal authority the Basque alighted, passed gravely up the staircase to the viceregal apartments, and, to the astonished and dazed functionary, said: "Knowing how fond you were of horses, I have come to present you with a coach and four as an expression of my sincere admiration!"

The Viceroy, perforce, had to accept the handsome gift, and could say nothing.

The coach and horses cost $3000, and the clever Basque pocketed $17,000 profit when the wager was settled.—[Boston Herald.

A Description of Mount Ararat.

Ararat is divided into two peaks, Great Ararat on the northwest and Little Ararat on the southwest, whose bases blend while their summits are seven miles apart. The summit of Great Ararat is placed at 17,323 feet above the level of the sea and 14,320 above its base; and for more than 3000 feet below the summit it is always covered with ice and snow. Little Ararat is 13,000 feet above the sea level. The apex of Great Ararat was visited by Parrot, October 9, 1829. Dr. Schaff, in common with Smith, says that Ararat in Scripture refers to the lofty plateau or mountain—highlands which overlook the plain of the Araxes. The same authority states that the mountains of Ararat (Genesis viii., 4) more properly refer to the entire range of elevated tableland in that portion of the Armenia, and that upon some lower part of this range, rather than upon the high peaks, the ark more probably rested; and the following reasons are given in support of this view: This plateau or range is about 6000 or 7000 feet high; it is equally distant from the Euxine and the Caspian Seas, and between the Persian Gulf and the Mediterranean, and hence a central point for the dispersion of the race; the region is volcanic in its origin; does not rise into sharp crests, but has broad plains separated by subordinate ranges of mountains; and the climate is temperate, grass and grain are abundant, and the harvests are quick in nature. These facts, he believes, illustrates the Bible narrative.—[Boston Cultivator.

Extraordinary Provision of Nature.

A wonderful place is Tinajas, about thirty miles southwest of Mission Camp, Arizona. The mountains at this point have one face of hard, smooth granite. All the waters falling on this entire basin are, by a most extraordinary provision of nature, combined with the efforts of primitive man, made to flow through a succession of nine wells or tanks, carved in the solid granite of which the mountain is composed. These remarkable receptacles are placed or excavated, one above the other, the upper tanks being approachable only by a difficult and circuitous route through a perfect chaos of gigantic detached bowlders. The lower tanks are easy of access, and are often drained of their contents by men and animals traveling between Yuma and Sonora. To one standing at the foot of the mountain on which the upper tanks are situated no indication of their existence is afforded, nor does climbing the smooth, steep mountain side seem possible to one unacquainted with the way. This latter fact is not deplorable, because the upper tanks have never been known to be dry. Within two miles of these Arizonian wonders are certainly 150 or 200 graves, each marked by rows of stones laid in the form of a cross. These are the resting places of men, famished for water, who had expended their last strength in reaching Tinajas, only to find the lower tanks dry, and, ignorant of the upper ones, had lain down in despair to die.—[St. Louis Republic.

Quite Delicate.

Mrs. Gabb (hostess)—Your little son does not appear to have much appetite.

Mrs. Gadd—No, he's quite delicate.

Mrs. Gabb—Can't you think of anything you would like, my little man?

Little Man—No, 'm. You see, mom made me eat a hull lot before we started, so I wouldn't make a pig of myself.—[Good News.

Farming for Flowers.

Flower farming is an industry to the development of which in this country the Department of Agriculture looks forward with hopeful confidence. At present the United States is an enormous buyer from France of cologne waters, pomades and perfumed oils, which might just as well be produced domestically. Many great districts at a moderately high altitude between the thirtieth and fortieth parallels of latitude are excellently adapted to this sort of horticultural pursuit on a commercial scale, and the only reason why it has not already been taken up and pushed to success seems to be that no one has seriously thought about it.

This seems rather surprising, too, in view of the comparative simplicity of the business and of the readiness of opportunities at hand. There is no essential peculiarty of soil or climate in the flower farming region in the south of France which is not reproduced over great extents of territory here. What is required for the purpose is merely an altitude of at least 500 feet above sea level, a calcareous soil, shelter from cold north winds and freedom from the white frosts of lower areas. Attempts have been made in Florida to raise orange blossoms for market, but their failure was due simply to the circumstance that low-lying lands were selected for their cultivation, trees bearing the edible fruit being used for the purpose. Experience has shown that flowers of all sorts grown high above the sea have a finer and more intense bouquet.

One great advantage which American producers would ordinarily enjoy is natural moisture in plenty, whereas the French are obliged to depend largely upon expensive irrigation.—[Washington Star.

Fibre From Palmetto Leaves.

Near Jacksonville, Fla., a company has commenced the business of converting the leaves of the common scrub palmetto into a fibre fit for commercial purposes. The process of transformation is not at all complicated. The work is done by a machine so simple in construction that a boy can manipulate it. The leaves of the palmetto are placed between washers and are carried by them into a box furnished with two revolving cylinders, each having teeth that tear the leaves lengthwise into long strips. This process finally divests them of the soft vegetable parts which enter into their composition, nothing remaining but the tough fibre. This is then forced down a chute to a lower floor, where it is dried and packed in bales ready for shipment. Although the industry is yet in its infancy, many uses have been already found for the fibre, the principal demand at the present time being for stuffing mattresses and upholstered furniture. It costs only about one-fourth as much as moss.—[Carpet and Upholstery Trade Review.

Horse Superstitions in Arabia.

The horse is involved in the most ancient superstitions of the people of Arabia. They believed him to be endowed with a nature superior, not in degree only, but in kind, to that of all other animals, and to have been framed by the Almighty with a special regard to the convenience of man. One of their oldest proverbs tells them that the horse is the most eminent of dumb brutes, and that the most meritorious of domestic actions is that of feeding him. Mohamet himself inculcated a lesson of kindness to the horse when he said: "As many grains of barley as are contained in the food we give a horse, so many indulgences do we daily gain by giving it." The belief is widespread in the East that all pure Arabian horses are descended from Mohamet's five favorite mares, upon one of which the prophet fled from Mecca to Medina.—[St. Louis Republic.

A Fun-Loving Seal.

The mother seal at the Zoo got rather gay last Sunday afternoon while a big crowd of ladies, gentlemen and children was standing around eagerly watching the baby seal. The mother seal would watch and see where the crowd was thickest, slide quietly under the water, come up close as possible to where the crowd was, and then, with seemingly pure devlitry, jump up and splash the water in such a way as to cover and wet every one within twenty feet. And it kept this sort of fun up all the afternoon. No matter on which side of the tank the crowd got, the seal would make a quiet sneak under the water, and then, quick as lightning, show up near the crowd and get in its funny business.—[Cincinnati Enquirer.

The Most Popular Song.

"And the most popular song ever written?"

"I should hardly want to say, for whatever answer one might make another might think differently. I should say that 'Home, Sweet Home' might come first, and 'Annie Laurie' next; but it is a difficult question to answer satisfactorily.—[Detroit Free Press.

What is Love?

Love is joy, and love is sorrow;
Love is sweet and bitter, too;
Love is old as all creation,
Yet is love forever new.

Love is deep, and love is cruel;
Love is tender, love is kind;
Love will come not at your bidding,
Yet no place but love will find.

Love will die unflinching for you;
Love will kill as quick as hate;
Love will brave the wrath of thunders
Yet will weep if barred by fate.

You that love can have my pity,
You that have not loved at all,
I will hope out of compassion,
Love will soon give you a call.
—[Libbie C. Baer in Arkansaw Traveler.

HUMOROUS.

A tramp spends his life going to dinner.

A new choirmaster in a church ought to make everything just hum.

It is singular how a surgeon retains his popularity when he so often cuts his friends.

Make friends with your creditors if you can, but never make a creditor of your friend.

First dude—I say—aw—where did you get your hair cut? Second dude—On my head.

Man—Why don't you follow some trade? Tramp—I did sorr; but I niver caught up wid it.

Cleverton—That's a beautiful suit you have on. Was it so very expensive? Travers—It cost my tailor about $10.

Bessie—Why do you stroll so much with Jack on the sand? Jessie—Because that is the one thing that Jack seems to lack.

Simpson—Why didn't you take a chance at that cake at the church fair? Were you afraid? Sampson—Yes; it was one my wife baked.

Soft Head—Do you think your sister would marry me? Boy—I guess so. She told mother she would rather marry anything than be an old maid.

"Oh, what a precious little money bank," exclaimed a visitor at the Jangles as she examined Freddy's birthday gift. "Yes," said Freddy, "and there's precious little money in it, too."

She—"Mr. Williams came up to see me last evening after you had gone." He—"Yes, I was glad of it." She—"Oh, were you, indeed? Why?" He—"Because it gave me a chance to see his sister alone."

He—"So you positively will not give me one kiss? And I had a ten-dollar bet with Tom Bickles that you would." She—"I am sorry for you, but I have a bet with him of a box of gloves that I would not."

"In these idyllic days," began the new boarder, "butterflies—" "Indeed it does," interrupted the landlady as she snatched the butter plate, "but you're the first one that had the consideration to speak of it."

Chief of Police—"Have you given any work to that crack detective put on by the board?" Captain—"He had one job." Chief—"Did he catch 'em?" Captain—"Catch 'em: Why, say, chief, that feller couldn't catch cold."

His Sister—"Had you heard that Laura Figgs' pug had run away?" He—"Well, what of it?" His Sister—"Oh, nothing, only I thought that if you intend proposing now is your time. A woman's heart is often caught on the rebound, you know."

Young Mushman—"Miss Clawa, beg pawdon, but wecently your mannah, dontcher know, quite distwesses me. Perhaps you are not awaah of it, but you have acquiahed a chwonic habit of staring at vacancy." Miss Clara—"You silly boy! How can I help it without being inattentive to you?"

"I can't understand how shipwrecked people starve to death at sea," said little Johnny Fizzletop. "Why can't you understand it? There is nothing for them to eat in the ocean." "There ain't?" "No." "Well, then my teacher is a liar. He said there were currents in the ocean. Nobody need starve when he can eat currents."

"Grindy, what would you do if you had this black eye of mine? Put raw beefsteak on it?" "When did you get it, Kiljordan?" "Yesterday. Fell off a—er—street car." "Of course—of course." (Inspecting it critically): "No it's too late for raw beefsteak." "Then what would you do?" "Live it down, Kiljordan—live it down."

Encouraging.

First Youth (at Railway depot)—Traveled far?

Second Youth—Not yet, but I expect to before I stop. I am going West to seek my fortune.

First Youth—I just got back. Lend me a dime, will you?—[Good News.

Couldn't See.

"Why don't you look and see where you are going?" said the needle to the pin.

"How can I, when I haven't an eye in my head?" was the pin's meek reply.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

THE GREAT METHODIST CONFERENCE.

The great Ecumenical Conference which was recently held at the city of Washington was one in which Methodism has abundant reason to feel proud. The papers and addresses on the various topics discussed were not only able but informing; and the men whom it brought together from all parts of the world, representing every branch of Methodism, were admirable illustrations of what is best in that type of Christianity, Strenuous believers in the great verities of the faith, as all good Methodists are, they were at the same time men of their age, keenly conscious of its aspirations and inspirations as well as its short comings, and profoundly alive to the importance of applying the message of Christianity to the social problems of the day.

The condition of Methodism as indicated by the Conference is most hopeful. It's growth has been unexampled in the history of religious denominations, and it is still moving on to new conquests with all its old-time vigor and joyous courage. It is to-day one of the great forces that must be reckoned with in any true estimate of modern Christianity, and the probability is that when the next Conference meets ten years hence it will be immeasurably greater power, numbers and influence.

THAT MORTGAGE.

Putting a mortgage on a farm is a very easy matter. The farmer wants it—or thinks he does; the agent wants it—he is sure of his want, and the money lender is always ready for the deal. Everything works nicely until the time to pay interest arrives. But many farmers become so engaged in spending the money that they forget this small matter, and don't even retain part of the principal to meet the first interest before the investment has time to begin to pay. As a general thing, if there is a struggle at the first payment, it never ceases. If the money borrowed does not begin at once to yield an increase, the borrower must put himself right down to business and make his payments or fail.

BEING FULLY VINDICATED.

It is an admitted fact that farmers, laborers, manufacturers and all other legitimate industries are doing more business than ever before, and the average prices of clothing, boots and shoes and all other necessaries are 4 to 5 per cent lower. The necessity for, and the great benefits received by all the people from the McKinley tariff are the strongest possible arguments in favor of its preservation. It has grandly worked out its own salvation and destroyed all the arguments of its enemies. It is being fully vindicated.

Good and pleasant it is to observe a half column editorial in the New York *World* on "The Lying of Children." Coming as it does from one of the ablest professors of the art in North America, it should be considered worthy of forming a chapter in a text book for any reform school in Christendom.

American tin plate enough has been manufactured already to put a glittering and ornate ear of that metal on all the Democratic blatherskites in the country, and the process of fitting them to the elongated auricular appendages appended to it in an advanced state of completeness,

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A prominent citizen of Warren, Ohio, lately contracted for 300,000 tin cans for sweet corn, to be made entirely of American materials and by American labor, at $1.87 per hundred. Last year the same man paid $2.25 per hundred. "Tin tin, American tin!"

The price of granulated sugar in September 1891, was 4 3-8 cents a pound, as against 6 5 8 cents during September, 1890. The free sugar clause of the McKinley bill means to the people of the United States a saving of not less than $75,000,000.

A Georgia paper states that in one day recently a good wife in Murray country pulled 219 bundles of fodder and tied up 110 bundles. It doesn't report what the old man was doing.

The Cincinnati *Commercial Gazette* classes the New York Flower as a mourning glory. When he lies awake thinking of his campaign he becomes night blooming serious!

In the history of the farming industry in the United States the time has arrived when success depends more on good management than good looks.

Before another issue of the CAROLINIAN the October elections will have been held. Both parties claim to be confident.

The customs revenue during the last year under the old tariff was $3.80 per head of population. During the first yaar under the new tariff it is $3.07. The exact per capita reduction of customs revenue is 73 cents. If, therefore, the "tariff is a tax," it is now just 73 cents less a tax than it was before the McKinley bill went into effect.

Since the Reciprocity treaty with Brazil went into effect on April 1 last, our exports to that country have amounted to $7 000,000, an increase over the same period of last year of nearly $2,000,000. And yet Democratic editors flippantly pronounce Reciprocity a "humbug."

Eugene C. Beddingfield, Secretary of the State Farmers' Alliance positively declares that there will certainly be a Third Party in the field in this State next year.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, October 23, 1891.

Secretary Blaine's return to Washington is a terrible blow to the writers of sensational rot about him and his intentions who have been sending out one silly story one week only to be contradicted by a similar one the next week. This class of writers have pretended to think that Mr. Blaine was acting in a very mysterious manner because he would not take them into his confidence regarding his plans. Mr. Blaine is well acquainted with these newspaper jackalls; they have lied about him for so many years that he has about gotten used to it by this time, nevertheless it must be a source of much pleasure to him to know that his return to Washington, in the face of many positive statements from these people that he would not do so, has resulted in a temporary cessation of their labors to convince the people that they knew more about his intentions than he did. However, the cessation is only temporary. In a few days these same people will be telling detailed stories about why Mr. Blaine returned, etc. Meanwhile, Mr. Blaine will quietly pick up the threads of his work and resume his pleasant personal and official relations with the President and his colleagues in the cabinet.

The President is deeply interested in the State campaigns now going on, and through personal friends in the several States he manages to keep thoroughly posted on them all. He has never had a doubt about the election of McKinley and the republican legislature in Ohio and he believes that Iowa, New York and Massachusetts will go Republican unless something unforseen shall occur to cause a change in the sentiments of the voters in those States between now and the day of election. This belief is based upon information which he has received from unbiased sources, and not merely upon his hopes.

Secretary Foster did not go off to Ohio until Tuesday night of this week. He will make ten speeches in the campaign, the last one the day before the election. Just before getting on the train he said: "I think the majority of Maj. McKinley will exceed the normal republican majority of the State. It will be between 20,000 and 30,000, probably nearer the latter. Of the 107 members of the legislature we shall elect at least 60, and of the 30 Senators we will get about 20, the democratic stories of a rupture between Foraker and Sherman are not helping that party, as the people of Ohio know that no such fight exists outside the columns of democratic newspapers.

Maj. General O. O. Howard, in his annual report as Commander of the Department of the East, follows precedent and devotes much space to detailing the necessity for better coast defences. It will seemingly take an actual hostile demonstration from some foreign nation to awaken Congress to the danger of the present condition of our coasts and harbors; then it may be too late.

Gen. Raum is at his desk in the Pension Office and says that he has not resigned, but that does not prevent it being positively stated by men who usually know what they are talking about that if he has not actually resigned he has informed the President of his desire to retire and his resignation will be tendered as soon as the right man to succeed him can be found.

A Methodist Tribute to President Harrison.

During the session of the Methodist Ecumenical Council at Washington it was visited and addressed by the President. Rev. E. Lloyd Jones, the eminent and eloquent Welsh preacher, said: "My visit to America has realized the consummation of my highest ideals in the presence and the magnificent speech of your President. I should say that every rational Englishman will return to England feeling that a Republic is the only true form of government. Never have I heard a man so expressing the heart of Christianity, and, if his position was simply the result of the accident of birth I would never have expected such a deliverance. I venture to say that more Methodists in one day have soon and been welcomed by the President of the United States than in fifty years have been recognized and introduced to members of the Royal family."

A deposit of what is known as "fossil flour" has been recently discovered in Maine which will resist the action or acids, alkalies and oils and is a remarkable non-conductor of heat. It will be used in the manufacture of rubber goods

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The artificial incubation of eggs originated in Egypt, where it is still carried on.

A ship's lamp has just been invented which is guaranteed to keep its light in the face of a hurricane.

One hundred years ago there were in the South 54,258 colored people to every 100,000 white people, to-day there are but 41,476.

How Sugar Bounties Benefit the Nation.

San Francisco Chronicle.

In the first place, if we produce our own sugar we buy from our own people and not from aliens, which is distinctly a benefit, since it does what is commonly called "keeping the money in the country," meaning not a retention of so much money or currency, but the increase of domestic traffic and exchange.

Secondly, the manufacture of so much sugar must furnish employment to thousands of our own people directly, and to hundreds of thousands indirectly; and this opens a vista which it would require a volume to discuss. The proposition must be so plain as to need no discussion.

Thirdly, the transportation and distribution of all this enormous product would necessarily be a great industry in itself. As it has been heretofore, we have paid for bringing sugar to this country, but we have paid strangers for it. With the product a domestic one it would be by ourselves, and our own steamboats and railways and canals would get the benefit of it.

Why I am a Protectionist.

By Hon. Joseph Nimmo, Jr.

1. Because Protection is in conformity with the dictates of common sense and patriotism.

2. Because Protection is founded upon the hard teachings of experience, and not upon any fancied eternal fitness of things.

3. Because Protection defends home markets entirely our own and in the aggregate at least five times as large as the total foreign market, in which we are forced to compete sharply with all other nations.

4. Because the McKinley act is already justified by results—prices of manufactured goods no higher, prices of agricultural products advanced and fairly remunerative as the result of the stimulus given to manufactures, labor will employed, and wages never before higher.

All the lies in regard to a rise in prices consequent upon the McKinley bill have fallen to the ground, and the Protective policy is to day ready for a national campaign.

"Othello's occupation's gone." He used to spend days and nights cursing the fates and the rheumatism. Now he only lies down and laughs to think how easily he was cured by Salvation Oil, 25 cents.

Wm. H. Vanderford esq, Editor of the Democratic Advocate, Westminister, Md, writes that he has used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and knows it to be a good medicine. Buy it. Try it. 25 certs.

LITERARY NOTICES.

IT WILL INTERIST EVERY METHODIST IN AMERICA.—Frank Leslie's Weekly will certainly interest every Methodist in this country, for it gives on its front page, in most attractive style, character sketches of leading scenes at the great Ecumenical Methodist Council now being held at Washington. Politicians—yes, more than politicians—every one interested in politics will find the picture of the joint debate at Ada, Ohio, between Governor Campbell and Hon, William McKinley, full of interest. These scenes so peculiar to the Ohio campaign are vividly skitched from life. Grand Army boys will have their hearts filled with recollections of war days when they look at the picture of the historic tree under which Colonel (afterward General) Ulysses S, Grant's first regiment was mustered out. The page devoted to the city of Hayti, where so many relics of Christopher Columbus are now held, is very timely, Those girls who wish a French doll for a Christmas present should not fail to write to Arkell & Harrison, 110 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for November is on our table. The Buckeye State comes imposingly to the front. The opening page is adorned with a new and admirable portrait of Senator John Sherman, who contributes a scholarly and thoughtful paper upon "Ohio; Its History and Resources." There are, moreover, 35 portraits of distinguished sons of Ohio, living and dead, and numerous views. Clara Morris, America's foremost emotional actress, writes about 'The Modern Emotional Drama, and its Exponents," and Andrew J. Symington, the eminent English writer, gives a account of "Iceland, and its Thousand Years." Other illustrated articles are: "Old Fort Lamaie," by Major W. H. Powell; "Five British Authors," by Neil Macdonald, "Under the Palms" by F. Fitz-Roy Dixon; "The London Literary Hive," by Florence Fenwick Miller; "The Cottage and Grave of John Brown," by Frederic G. Mather; "Arachne and her Cunning Ways," by Col. Nicholas Pike. Also "A Terrible Case," and half a dozen short tales.

Practical Results of Republican Tariff Revision.

San Antonio Daily Light.

The old democratic farmer of Ohio who found that, despite all that had been said concerning the McKinley tariff, binding twine was four cents per pound cheaper than before, three tin cans only a dime, twenty pounds of sugar only $1, a whole keg of nails $1 80, good calico four cents a yard, while wheat was $1 a bushel, corn sixty cents and hogs $5.65 a hundred on foot, remarked: "If only Cleveland was President this would be a hell of a fine time." Democratic to the core and dyed in the wool.

John Brinkley, residing about 15 miles from Gatesville, was summoned to appear there as a witness; when within three miles of the town he fell over in his cart from a stroke of paralysis. Some friends who were riding behind brought him to the Riddick Hotel, and he expired soon after.

The Raleigh Visiter says that silver counterfeit dollars are in circulation.

There are 65 pupils at the colored department of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institution.

A Fact Ignored by Free Traders.

New York Tribune.

Mr. Brock, the Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, points out that the customs revenues have been reduced by the McKinley bill from $3.62 to $2.59 per capita. That is to say, in so far as the Tariff is a Tax the pehple pay less taxes by 28.45 per cent under the new Republican law than under the old one. We do not happen to have seen this fact in the columns of any of our Free Trade contemporaries.

Abbott's East Indian Corn Paint

Eradicates Corns, Bunions and Warts where all other remedies fail.

A Disfigured Countenance

Many people who would scarcely notice an armless or legless man will instantly detect and remark on any blemish or the human face, and dive into all sorts of speculations as to its cause and attevdant circumstances. If you doubt this assertion become possessed of a discolored optic and note how much attention it will invite. A black eye is generally avoidable, but blotches, pimples and other scrofulous and eruptive marks steal upon us without warning, and are frequently the first intimation of the fact that our blood is going wrong. A prompt and systematic use of P P P, (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium), will purify the blood, cleanse the skin and give back to the face nature's familiar, ruddy signs of health. Get it of your druggist.

A sore leg, the flesh a mass of disease, yet P P P, (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium) achieved wonderful results, the flesh was purified and the bone got sound, and my health was established, says Mr. James Masters, of Savannah, Ga.

It is claimed that Albert Johnson of Raleigh, is the oldest locomotive engineer in point of service in the country. He had charge of an engine on the Richmond and Fredericksburg railroad away back in 1836, in the days of strap rails and "snake heads." He is still a railroad employee and can be seen in all kinds of weather in the yard at the Raleigh and Gaston Depot.

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians, and used their treatment until he was not able to get around. They pronounced his case to be Consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds and at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He found, before he had used half of a dollar bottle, that he was much better; he continued to use it and is to-day enjoying good health. If you have any Throat, Lung or Chest Trouble try it. We guarantee satisfaction Trial bottle free at A. Wadsworth' drug store.

The trustees of the Colored Agricultural and Mechanical College have decided to locate it at Greensboro.

To insure a hearty appetite and increased digestion take Simmons Liver Regulator.

In all derangement of the liver a cure is certain if you take Simmons Liver Regulator.

A certain cure for malarial fevers is found in Simmons Liver Regulator

---

Many Persons

Are broken down from overwork or household cares. **Brown's Iron Bitters** rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

The Colored State Methodist Conference has voted to admit women to the membership of their organization as preachers.

LIPPMAN'S PYRAFUGE. A SURE CURE FOR CHILLS & FEVER DUMB AGUE AND MALARIA

LIPPMAN BROS., Proprietors, Druggists, Lippman's Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

KAYTON'S OIL OF LIFE. The Best Liniment in the World. Cures Pains in the Back, Joints Side, & also Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, &c. Kayton's Oil of Life is an old German Liniment, & Expels pain quickly. LIPPMAN BROS., SAVANNAH, GA. SOLE AGENTS IN THE U. S.

ABBOTT'S EAST INDIAN CORN PAINT. Removes Corns, Bunions and Warts. Speedily and Without Pain. LIPPMAN BROS., DRUGGISTS, PROPS., SAVANNAH, GA

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GRIGGS & CARTWRIGHT AND ALEX. WADSWORTH.

WARRANTED Genuine Waltham Watch Sample. These watches, as well as the watch, are free. All the work you need do is to show what we send you to those who call—your friends and neighbors and those about you—that always results in valuable trade for us, which holds for years when once started, and thus we are repaid. We pay all express, freight, etc. After you know all, if you would like to go to work for us, you can earn from $20 to $40 per week and upwards. Address Gilman & Co., Box 910, Portland, Maine.

LOOK OUT!!!

for these imitations and substitutes, they are poor stuff at the best and increase your misery. Take Simmons Liver Regulator only. You will know it by the large red Z on the face of every package and by the relief it gives when taken for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Biliousness and Sick Headache.

TAKE SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR ONLY

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philad'a, Pa.

THE GREAT TRUCK FERTILIZERS!

The undersigned, after thoroughly testing the superior merits of "The Trucker," "Slaughter House Phosphate" and "Hard Times Fertilizer," has taken an agency for their introduction and sale to truckers and farmers They are just what are needed for the field crops of this section.

They Absoluteiy Have No Equal.

In addition to my own satisfactory testing I have any number of testimonials. I quote a few:

Mr. Geo. R. Dalby, of Bridgton Va, says: "This year I used "The Trucker" on Irish Potatoes. Commenced to *dig earlier than any of my neighbors*; beginning at 40 barrels to one planted, my yield was, at the end 70 barrels to the barrel planted, estimating the whole crop, and 72½ barrels to the acre, average of the whole crop. Cost of fertilizers to the acre was $13.50."

Capt F. W. Mullin, of Plane View, Va, says. "I bought one ton of "Slaughter House Phosphate." The field I used it on was *very poor*, having been worked down by renting, as I have two farms. It would not bring a barrel of corn to the acre. I did not put over 50 or 60 pounds of fertilizer to an acre. This part of the field was worked for the last time and laid by before two acres of the field upon which I did not use the fertilizer was ready to be worked the first furrow. *I have made three times as much corn and fodder* as I would have done. *With all the drought not a blade of fodder fired.*"

For prices, etc, write or apply personally to

GEO. D. POUL,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned have entered into partnership to carry on the UNDERTAKER'S Business at this place as the successors of the late John H. Ziegler, and at the old stand. In accordance with the wish of the said deceased, expressed in his last will and testament, the business will be conducted in the name of "JOHN H. ZIEGLER" as heretofore.

We will endeavor to serve the public in our line of business upon the same principles of fairness and honesty as were always observed and acted upon by our honored predecessor

☞ A full supply of Metalic Coses, Cloth Covered and Wooden Caskets kept on hand

March 6, 1889.

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The Elizabeth City Academy.

FORBOT HSIXES

Prepares for business or college. Special course for Teachers. Unexcelled advantages in Music.

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A full corps of teachers and a large, commodious building,

Board and tuition for term of 38 weeks cost from $115 to $125. Music and Art extra.

The Fall session opens

Monday, September 21st, 1891.

Send for Catalogue. Address

S. L. SHEEP, Principal,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

A POPULAR FAMILY.

JENNIE: "How is it, Kate, that you always seem to catch on to the last new thing? Do what I may, you always seem to get ahead of me."

KATE: "I don't know; I certainly do not make any exertion in that direction."

JENNIE: "Well, during the last few months, for example, you have taken up painting,

without any teacher; you came to the rescue when Miss Lafarge deserted her Delsarte class so suddenly, and certainly we are all improving in grace under your instruction; I heard you telling Tommy Eames last evening how his club made mistakes in playing baseball; you seem to be up on all the latest 'fads,' and know just what to do under all circumstances; you entertain beautifully; and in the last month you have improved so in health, owing, you tell me, to your physical culture exercises. Where do you get all of your information from in this little out-of-the way place?—for you never go to the city."

KATE: "Why, Jennie, you will make me vain. I have only one source of information, but it is surprising how it meets all wants. I very seldom hear of anything new but what the next few days bring me full information on the subject. Magic? No! Magazine! And a great treasure it is to us all, for it really furnishes the reading for the whole household: father has given up his magazine that he has taken for years, as he says this one gives more and better information on the subjects of the day; and mother says that it is that that makes her such a famous housekeeper. In fact, we all agree that it is the only really FAMILY magazine published, as we have sent for samples of all of them, and find that one is all for men, another all for women, and another for children only, while this one suits every one of us; so we only need to take one instead of several, and that is where the economy comes in, for it is only $2.00 a year. Perhaps you think I am too lavish in my praise; but I will let you see ours, or, better still, send 10 cents to the publisher, W. Jennings Demorest, 15 East 14th Street, New York, for a sample copy, and I shall always consider that I have done you a great favor; and may be you will be cutting us out, as you say we have the reputation of being the best informed family in town. If that be so, it is Demorest's Family Magazine that does it."

Fish Advertisements

SHIP YOUR SHAD AND OTHER CHOICE FISH TO

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Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

FRESH FISH.

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WRITE FOR STENCILS AND STATIONERY

If you want to obtain the Highest Market price for your

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—SHIP TO—
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LOBSTERS, TERRAPIN &C.
Fulton Wholesale Fish Market, N. Y.
North Carolina Fish a Specialty.
☞ Stencils and stationary furnished on application.

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Wholesame Commission Merchants for the sale of

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SOFT CRABS, TERRAPIN, GAME, &C.
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☞ Consignments Solicited. Good Prices Prompt Returns

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☞ Special attention paid to sale of North Carolina Shad.
Nos 9, 10, 36 & 37 Dock Street
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☞ Consignments solicited and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

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Fresh Fish,

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No. 19½ Fulton Fish Market,
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DAVENPORT & MORRIS.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS

And Dealers in Fish,
RICHMOND, VA.

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Caroina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market

A. W. HAFF.

Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
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In Fresh Fish, Lobsters
Etc., Etc:
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.
☞ North Carolina Shad a Specialty
No Agents.

Rupture Cured!

I am sole Agent for the State of North Carolina for the sale of a Remedy which will absolutely cure Rupture. Have cured cases of long standing, and some which physicians said could not be without a surgical operation.

Price, $5 Per Box.

One box will cure 50 per cent of all cases when the directions are strictly followed Address

S. W. Woodley,
P O, Box 45, CRESWELL, N. C

EXCELLENT COFFEE

THE exquisite taste and flavor of Vienna Coffee can only be obtained by using two parts of Coffee to one part of

EMIL SEELIG'S KAFFEE

This is the best, cheapest and most healthful coffee mixture.

A DELICIOUS

BEVERAGE

TRY IT!

Ask Your Grocer for It.

SAMPLE BY MAIL FREE.

Address, Sole Agents for U. S.

ROSENSTEIN BROS.

317 and 319 Greenwich Street,

NEW YORK.

THE PERFECTION

Horse Tail Tie

BEATS

Cleaning a Muddy Tail.

ALL POLISHED METAL.
LASTS FOREVER.
DOES NOT STRETCH OR SLIP.
DOES NOT STOP CIRCULATION.

Every Horse Owner Wants One AT SIGHT.

Sample by mail for 25c.

DES MOINES NOVELTY CO.
130 W. 4th St., DES MOINES, IA.

DID YOU EVER SEE A

SPLENDID

WE SELL DIRECT TO CONSUMERS.

It will pay you to get our prices and investigate this machine which is the latest embodiment of every desirable improvement. Simplest, most efficient and perfect attachments ever made. Correspondence invited. Write at once to

THE PARSONS MFG. CO.
68 & 70 S. CANAL ST., CHICAGO, ILL.

NEW HOME
SEWING MACHINE.
THE BEST ATTACHMENTS
THE FINEST WOODWORK
NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO., ORANGE, MASS.
CHICAGO, ILL. 75 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
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FOR SALE BY

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MUNN & CO.
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN
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PATENTS
A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, and Free.
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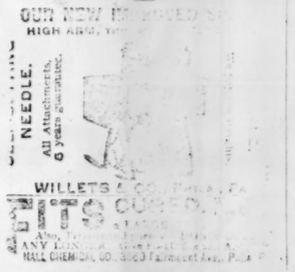

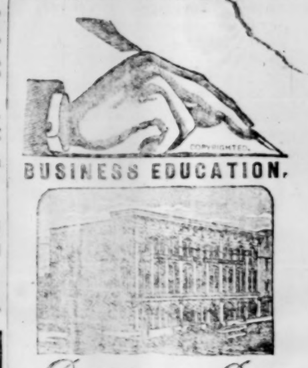

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Of Kentucky University, LEXINGTON, KY.
S. W. Corner MAIN and UPPER Streets, opposite Court House.
WILBUR R. SMITH, PRESIDENT.

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OILY WASTE CAN

A PLACE FOR EVERYTHING EVERYTHING IN ITS PLACE

GREAT FIRE PRECAUTION

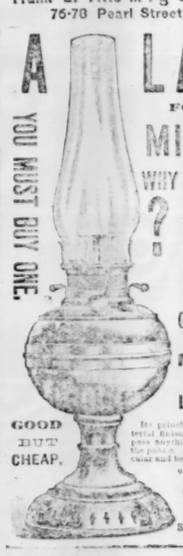
A NECESSITY

In the Factory, Engine Room, Machine Shop, Plumbers' and Painters' Shops, and any place where oily waste or clothes are used. They are acknowledged by all to be the best thing for the purpose ever invented.

SEND FOR PRICES AT ONCE.

Frank E. Fitts M'f'g & Supply Co.,
75-79 Pearl Street, Boston.

A LAMP FOR THE MILLION



WHY? BECAUSE IT Always Works, Immense Light, Economical, Handsome, Durable, and is Perfect.

EVERY ONE GUARANTEED.

MEYROSE DOUBLE LIFT LAMP.

GOOD BUT CHEAP.

Its principle, construction, material finish and appearance surpass anything heretofore offered the public. Look at our lamp before you buy, or send for illustrated circular and be convinced; then buy one of your dealer or

MEYROSE LAMP & MFG. CO.,
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YOU MUST BUY ONE.

DO YOU WANT A BICYCLE FREE

1000 BICYCLES TO BE GIVEN AWAY FREE FOR ADVERTISING PURPOSES

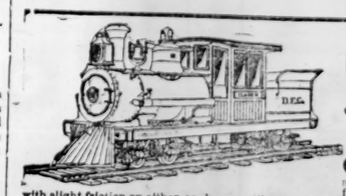
If any boy or girl under 16 wants a strictly first-class safety bicycle, they can obtain it free, without one cent of money. We shall give away on easy conditions 1,000 of them. The wheels are 28 inches, with crescent steel rims and corrugated rubber tires, guaranteed to ride lighter, run easier, look handsomer, and last longer than any other wheel sold in the market for $45.00. We have both boys' and girls' styles. If you want one write at once to

WESTERN PEARL CO., 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

THREE Pozzoni's POINTS

COMPLEXION POWDER: SAFE; CURATIVE; BEAUTIFYING. 1. 2. 3.

THREE Shades: White, Flesh, Brunette. POZZONI'S All Druggists and Fancy Stores. TINTS



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FOR ALL DUTIES.

On Logging and Mining Tramways

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ON rough roads, heavy grades, and short curves. Built any gauge, for any service, to burn coal or wood and for either wood or iron rails. Runs where others fail.

with slight friction on either engine or rail, saves repairs, gives satisfaction under conditions

Send for Illustrated Catalogue of Tramway Locomotives, Cars, etc.

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Dr BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

THE PEOPLE'S REMEDY. PRICE 25C

SALVATION OIL

Price only 25 Cts. Sold by all dealers.

Will relieve Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Swellings, Bruises, Lumbago, Sprains, Headache, Toothache, Sores, Burns, Cuts, Scalds, Backache, Wounds, &c.

25¢ A BOTTLE

SALVATION OIL KILLS PAIN

BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

For the cure of *Coughs, Colds, Croup, Incipient Consumption*

Asthma, Whooping-Cough, and for the relief of Consumptive persons.

PRICE 25 CTS. For Sale by all dealers.

SMOKE LANGE'S CUBEB CIGARETTES for Catarrh—Price 10 Cts. At all druggists.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover. Commissioners C. W. Overman, E. F. Aydlett, L. P. Etheridge, J. F. Snell and Elisha Overton. Clerk—J. W. Albertson jr. Treasurer—Geo. M. Scott. Constable and Collector—Thomas Spires. Attorney—W. J. Griffin, Collector of Customs—Palemon John. Postmaster—C. Guirkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. E. M. Jordan, Pastor. Baptist—Rev. C. A. G. Thomas, Pastor. Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector. Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

Colored. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs W. M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and D. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—Jacob Salomkin ky N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council, No. 1209—Fred. Davis, Regent; M. B. Culpepper Secretary, C. E. Kramer, Treas r.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Burgess, Dictator; Wm. Towe, Reporter; Ed. Davis, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; I. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Ruius Scott, M. W. Bullkins. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper. Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb. Board of Education. W. J. Griffin, R. B. Creecy jr., and N. E. Jones. Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. L. Sheep

—MISCELLANEOUS.—

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Real Estate a Specialty.

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ELIZABETH CITY, - N. C.

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Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law

Practice in the Superior Courts of the Albemarle District, and the Supreme and Federal Courts of the State.

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BOOT & SHOEMAKER

2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot

☞ Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.

Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street

ELIZABETH City, N. C.

F. M. COOK,

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East Main Street,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Fred Davis,

DEALER IN COAL

COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

All Orders filled Promptly.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.

Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

SEE HERE!

Why pay rent when you can secure a home on small monthly payments?

APPLY TO

- N. E. VOWLES, -

Real Estate and Insurance Agent,

ELIZABETH CITY, - - N. C.

Neuralgic Persons

And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking *Brown's Iron Bitters.* Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, October 28 1891.

☞ The fine weather of the past week was utilized by the farmers in their cotton fields,

☞ Among the trotters at the Fair this week is "Leonard J," a celebrated stallion from Berwick, Pa.

☞ Mat H. White's celebrated trotter Mary Spelman raked in the shekels at the Suffolk Fair last week.

☞ Judge Brown is holding Court at Plymouth this week. Next week he will preside at Tyrrell Court at Columbia.

☞ The Edenton Fair will be held on November 10th to 13th. Among other attractions there will be Balloon ascensions on the 11th and 12th. Let us all go

☞ While all announcements of deaths are published free, as items of news, obituary notices are charged for. See standing notice at top of first column on first page.

☞ The injury to Elizabeth City and this section by the Lucas Oyster law is incalculable. Why is it that blatant demagogues sometimes have the power to do so much harm?

☞ The steamer "Lizzie Burruss," while crossing the Sound on Thursday evening with the steam launch "Powhattan" in tow, was struck by a gale and the launch became waterlogged and sunk.

☞ The CAROLINIAN sincerely hopes that the Fair now in progress at the Park will prove, in every respect, a success, It will be an encouragement to make the institution a permanent one, and this is what is desired, aye, what is needed.

☞ In reply to "Inquirer" the CAROLINIAN will state that the potato is a native of the elevated tropical vallies of Mexico, Peru and Chili, Spain was the first country to adopt it and cultivate it, from which country it was introduced into Italy, thence into Belgium.

☞ The corner stone of the new Methodist Church at Indian Town was laid on the 21st inst. Representatives from the Masonic Lodges of Pasquotank, Camden and Currituck were present and participated in the ceremonies, Dr. W. W. Griggs acting as Deputy Grand Master, The oration was delivered by Presiding Elder Campbell.

☞ The second annual Convention of the Pasquotank County Sunday School Association will be held in the Methodist Church at Elizabeth City on November 6 and 7. Each school in the county should be represented by one or more delegates. All ministers of the gospel and Superintendents of Sunday schools are entitled to seats in the Convention,

☞ The prospectus of the Elizabeth City State Colored Normal School is on our table. The first session will begin on the 4th of January. P. W. Moore, A. B, has been selected as Principal. He is a fine scholar and has had a very successful experience as a teacher. Our young townsman J. H. M. Butler, also a young man of culture and experience, has been appointed Assistant.

☞ The Albemarle Park Fair opened yesterday. A number of entries have been made and will continue up to 11 a. m. to-day. In addition to the running race as advertised, there was a special trotting contest between the horses of H. C. Godfrey and T. R. Mann. It created considerable interest. There will be races every day. Col. L. L. Polk, President of the National Alliance, will speak tomorrow.

☞ The early part of last week a young appearing man came here with a violin, claiming that he was sent here by the "Son of God to fiddle for the people of Elizabeth City." He made capital music but never finished a piece, always going off to another. He gave his name as Reno F. Sanderson. On his person was found a letter from his mother from Hawsburg, Mass, begging him to come home. Mayor Glover telegraphed to the address and received a reply from the demented man's father asking that his son be sent by boat to Boston. He was accordingly sent to the care of the Chief of Police at Norfolk, by whom the unfortunate man was sent on as directed.

☞ How increasingly frequent do the papers publish notices of prominent people, not past what should be life's meridian, suddenly dying! In most cases it was "Heart failure" say the doctors. One business man after another falls out of sight, and when asked about the trouble the reply is pretty sure to be "Heart failure!" Surely there is something wrong. Too much worry, the habit of constant hurry, keeping at high tension year in and year out—that's what's the matter. They sleep with one eye open, talk business in their dreams, swallow a whole meal almost with one gulp, and then when they hover about the fifties the heart gets disgusted at its treatment and closes the concern by refusing to keep up its action. No wonder,

☞ Though Time is called the great healer, he finally buries every one of his patients.

—— Big shoes, little shoes, high grade shoes, low grade shoes, almost anything in the shoe line at Fowler & Co's.

☞ To "A Farmer" the CAROLINIAN has this to say: Beware of the professional "farmers" who are simply *farming* the farmers.

—— Fowler & Co mean business ALL THE TIME and propose to merit your patronage.

☞ What a struggle is made in this world for Money. But, after all, money to a man is like water to a plant, only useful as long as it promotes and facilitates growth; like water in the tank, keep it flowing and it blesses, keep it stagnant and it injures,

—— A careful comparison is all that Fowler & Co ask of their goods and prices

☞ That farmer who believes that thinking and calculating are not essential to successful farming puts a very low estimate on his calling. Mental activity in the pursuit of farming has its reward as well as intellectual vigor applied to other branches of industry.

—— We are imitated by competitors in everything but prices. Robinson & Co.

☞ In a public speech the other day a distinguished speaker stated that "The plow and the implements of the farm are the true, the unvarying yard stick of civilization." How true. The liberties of the people the good government of the country the stability of our institutions, all depend upon the progress, the intelligence, the industry and the prosperity of the farm and all that is close to the farm.

—— California canned goods in largest variety at Robinson & Co.

—— Fowler & Co are ready for the fall trade—an immense stock.

☞ From the following notice taken from the Newport News *Sun* it will be seen that Mr. A. M. Matics, well and favorably known here, is still in the Sewing Machine business, and that he has "beat the record." The CAROLINIAN tenders congratulations.

BEAT THE RECORD.—One of the best known sewing machine men in Virginia, not to mention the fact that he is one of the most clever gentlemen, is Mr. Matics, of Hampton. He has sold more machines than any other agent in the counties of Warwick and Elizabeth City and in the entire territory covered by the Norfolk office, in both instances taking handsome prizes in a contest participated in by all the agents of the Company in the districts mentioned.

—— The New Lee Cook Stove takes lead wood, does better work, and is the largest and neatest stove ever sold in this market. Robinson & Co.

☞ A good deal is said about the "perfect man," but he is never found—indeed, does not exist. Even the preachers are but men after all, with human passions and prejudices. Why the prophets and apostles, too, had their infirmities, and did not always "hew to the line." David sinned and so did the "wise man" Solomon. Old Eli did not succeed in bringing up his children aright, and they were a curse to him in his old age. Paul quarreled with Barnabas and they separated in contention. So let none be discouraged because they find it impossible to reach perfection, but let all persevere in *trying* to do right, adopting the rule, in their intercourse with their fellow men, of doing as they would be done by. This is the CAROLINIAN'S reply to "Earnest Querist."

—— Don't forget Fowler & Co when you want to buy a Trunk. You will feel bad over it if you do.

LOCAL MENTION

Cotton coming in freely and Sawyer's Gin is kept humming.—Supt. Reed is doing excellent work on the streets and sidewalks, making much needed repairs, etc. He is a good officer.—On the 20th inst Mr. R. M. Johnakin and Miss Mamie B. Nugent, both of Norfolk, came out on the Express and were married by Rev. C. A. G. Thomas.—The directors of the First National Bank have ordered from Louis Selig a handsome clock to be used in their banking house.—On Tuesday night of last week Mr. John W. Chory and Miss Mary Scarboro were married at the home of the bride in the Fifth Ward. Justice Culpepper officiated.—The brick work on the new Engine House and Police headquarters is finished.—Mr Fred H. Ziegler lost a much valued bird dog one night last week, some scoundrel having cut its throat from ear to ear.—

He claims no religion, he's brusque in his way,
And he's strongly attached to the world and its pleasures,
But the people to whom he sells groceries say
You can always depend on his weights and his measures.

It's more than can be said of a good many professors.—Edward Smith, a well known colored man of this place, died on Wednesday night.—"Say Harry," said a Road street boy to another, "they's people in the moon," "No, they hain't." "Yes, they is; my pa said so," "How does your pa know? He was never in the moon." "No, but he's out every night, and sees lots."—On Thursday Dr. McMullan amputated a limb for Mr. Walter Humphries. The operation became necessary from a wound received several years ago.—A very handsome and attractive Band wagon has been made by T. A. Commalder & Son for the Park Fair.—The First Regiment Band, F. H. Ziegler leader, has received a lot of new music and were out serenading the other night. What music they can discourse!—Look to your flues and chimneys. Several narrow escapes from fires have recently occurred.—Stephen Ballard esq, of Brooklyn N. Y., called on Thursday. He was here looking after the Terry property of which he is now owner.—

Coldly shines the October moon,
The air is chill at eve,
But none too soon the house-fly
His quietus did receive.

—In response to a request from a committee of ladies, Mayor Glover ordered a force of hands on the Cemetery to cut down the weeds and clean it up. Thanks.—We had the pleasure the other day of making the acquaintance of Prof. P. W. Moore, the elected Principal of the Colored Normal School here. He impressed us very favorably.—Mr. Herbert Pool, an Elizabeth City boy, now telegraph operator at Clarksville Junction, Va, is in town on a visit.—An up-towner was on his way to market the other morning and said to another who was on his return: "It costs a heap to live in this world." "Yes, but I'll die before I'll live in any other," was the reply.—Rev. Ernest Stevens, of Edenton, who has been assisting Rev. E. M. Jordan in conducting the revival meeting at the Methodist Church, left on Saturday. He gave the CAROLINIAN a call. He is one is the rising young men of the Conference. As a speaker he is logical and searching. He goes to the root of things; his points are made in simple but choice language and they are full of nut-shell statements of facts and principles.—There are some people in town who habitually read the CAROLINIAN who are too stingy to subscribe for it. They make it a point to drop in at certain places where it is taken and peruse the papers others pay for.—The following colloquy between two denizens of the First Ward is noticed merely as an illustration of the progress in Medicine: "There's been a great improvement in medicine lately. For instance, doctors don't bleed patients as they used to do." "Don't they! Well, I paid a doctor's bill of $50 only last week."—The colored Baptist of the Corner Stone Church had a baptising at the usual place on Sunday afternoon.—The Park Fair track is in fine condition. Captain Waters did the work.—The Saunterer reports more new houses under way in different parts of the City.—Parties wishing to have Furniture neatly repaired and varnished or any upholstering done will do well to call on Mr. T. H. Kelham, at the old Dr. Butt Building, on Road street. He is an expert.—Mr. W. J. Tate, one of the progressive young men of Kitty Hawk, called the other day.—Mr. Jos. Pritchard has been home visiting his parents the past week.—A breaking of the Engine of the Albemarle Lumber Company will cause a suspension of work until it is repaired. Messrs. Ed. and John Kramer are off North after a new engine.—Mr. Albert Gard has resigned his position at Salomonsky's and accepted one as Purser on the steamer Tahoma.—Prof. Scott has been playing for the Methodist people during the past week. He is a fine musician.—Don't forget the oyster supper by the young ladies to-morrow night at the Aydlett Building on Water street for the benefit of the Baptist Church.—Homer W. Styron esq, of Hatteras, called and gave us a pleasant chat on Monday. He was on his way North.—The young people had a very pleasant party at the home of Miss Ella V. John, on Shepherd street, on Monday night.—Let everybody go to the Fair.—Remember that the "Little Innocents' Guild" will give an entertainment at the Opera House to-morrow night.—The revival meeting at the Methodist Church continues. Rev. Dr. Johnston of the Presbyterian Church preached able sermons on Sunday night and last night On Monday night a very thoughtful sermon was delivered by Rev. C. A. G. Thomas of the Baptist Church He will preach again to-morrow night.—The many friends of Miss Alma Engle will be glad to learn that she is on the way to recovery.—Corn in this market, new, 58 cents; cotton in seed 2¼ cents.—Mrs. Franklin, a well known old lady residing on Matthews street, died on Sunday night.

It is cruel for parents to let their children suffer with coughs and colds which in so many cases lead to consumption and premature death. Give them Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. 25 cents a bottle.

Dairyman, stockmen, livery-stable men, and horse-car unite in saying that no such horse and cattle lotion as Salvation Oil, has ever been put upon the market. At all dealers for 25 cents.

Capt C. B. Denson, secretary of the State Board of Public Charities, says that up to date 86 counties have organized local boards and will secure many reforms in public institutions, as well as the amelioration of the condition of paupers and criminals.

FIVE 2-cent stamps will get you a sample of ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE. Philadelphia. Agents wanted.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Raleigh Chronicle says R. A. Williams, the well known negro exodus manager, is here. He says he has joined forces with the turpentine men who in Pender county have made a test case of the legality of the act in regard to the taking of laborers out of the State. Mr Williams, who is popularly known as "Peg Leg, the emigrant's friend," says that while there is such a law in Georgia, the officials dare not enforce it or make an arrest, and that he has taken several hundred negroes out of the State in the past year. He declares that the law is unconstitutional and will not stand a test. As soon as the crops are gathered he proposes to take away a number of negroes. He will take none who are under contract.

Simmons Liver Regulator is invaluable in the nursery. It is a gentle laxative and harmless.

The Kansas City Star says: Not to be outdone by Napoleon Bonaparte, the American hog has crossed the Alps.

To prevent fevers, keep the liver active and bowels regular with Simmons Liver Regulator.

The Western Methodist Episcopal Conference begins at Asheville, November 11th, Bishop Galloway presiding.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise. A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers. For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price 50c and $1 at A. Wadsworth's drug store,

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Cures Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Nervousness, and General Debility. Physicians recommend it. All dealers sell it. Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

A colored woman in Chatham county is the mother of 24 children, 14 of whom are now living. She is 58 years old and weighs 199 pounds.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

AN old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipe, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Send by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 820 Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.

Canadians are pouring into the United States. On one train the other day there were 230 who intend to live hereafter in the United States.

Six stories a month; articles on Fashion. Short Stories and all matters of interest to the Home. Finely illustrated. $1.50 a year. Sample copy for five 2-cent stamps. ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE, Phila, Pa.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever, Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH.

- PATENTS. -

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for *Moderate Fees.*

OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington

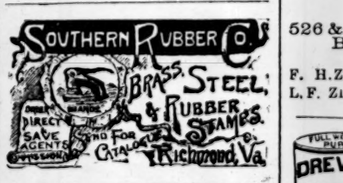
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,

C. A. Snow & Co.

OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,

Washington, D. C.



FOR THE BLOOD, Weakness, Malaria, Indigestion and Biliousness, take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

—TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.—

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect June 1st, 1891.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, southbound, daily (except Sundays,) leave Elizabeth City at 11.30 A. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M., Northbound, daily except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.30 P. M., and on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 9.30 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer Lines, and at Edenton with Steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Mackey's Ferry, thence by N. & S. R. R. to Roper, Pantego and Belle Haven: connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Bay River, South Creek, &c

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M, for Newberne, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 77 North river.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad, Norfolk, Va,

M. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt

Norfolk and North Carolina CANAL COMPANY.

S. W. GARY, Superintendent.

The Norfolk & North Carolina Canal will admit sharp built vessels drawing five feet water, lighter-built vessels four feet.

The Locks will admit vessels 90 feet and 16½ feet in beam.

Rafts secured with chains must not be over 14 feet wide, secured with timber, not over 12 feet wide. They must be well secured to the satisfaction of the Canal authorities.

Steamers will not be admitted without a permit from the Office at Norfolk

Vessels over 90 feet length and over 15 feet beams (the dimensions called for by the Charter) navigate the Canal at their own risk.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,

W. T. OSENTON, MANAGER.

Corner Main and Road Sts,

Elizabeth City, N C.

First class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights. Free Bus

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.

WATER STREET,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.

J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.

HERTFORD, N. C.

Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.

Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel

Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public,

FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired

Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers

Terms Reasonable.

J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

H Hiltgartner Sons

STEAM

Marble Granite Works, Monuments, &c,

Marble and Slate Mantels, Wainscoting Encaustic and Marole Tiling, Furniture & Counter Slabs, Etc., Etc.

526 & 528 West Baltimore St BALTIMORE, MD.

F. H. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Elizabeth City.
L. F. ZIEGLER, Ag't, Ederton, N. C.

Superior to all Substitutes For raising and making Light, Digestible Biscuits, Bread, Tea Cake, Pies, Muffins, Waffles, Johnny Cake, Corn Bread, Short Cake, Pot Pies, Dumplings, Boiled Puddings and Buckwheat. ½ pound cans 5 cents. Sold by Country Merchants. Drew Manufacturing Co., BALTIMORE, Md.

ELIZABETH CITY CRYSTAL ICE COMPANY,

Flora & Brockett, Proprietors.

PURE ICE IN 200 POUND BLOCKS AT Wholesale and Retail,

Cheaper and better than river or pond ice.

Nothing equal to it for the household.

Or for Fish Oysters, &c.

Quotations cheerfully given. Special prices for fifty or more tons.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

THE A B C OF OUR BUSINESS

Attentive to All

Below in Price,

Careful to Please.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Crockery, Tin-ware, Paints, Oils, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Cement, &c&c

ROBINSON & CO.

Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, N. C.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRICES

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months, Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have families to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty years and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be best served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you

To Examine Our Stock of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery Paints, Oils, Lead, Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandlery, Hay, Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. Lowest Prices Guaranteed. { J. B. FLORA,

New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

The Largest Stock of Dry Goods, Notions and Shoes

Ever Shown in Elizabeth City,

Are now open for your examination at

Fowler & Co's.

—With prices to please both at—

Wholesale and Retail.

NOTICE THIS!

And after you read this advertisement call at my store and examine my stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES and HATS.

&c., &c, and if you see my goods

you will be sure to make a purchase that will please you and make you a customer ever afterwards. Call and look at my stock.

R. SALOMONSKY.

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞ Oh my! Have you seen the new Mather Fastening Kid Gloves? No buttons! No hooks! and so convenient. Every pair warranted. They are for sale by Salamonsky. ☜

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,

Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.

Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality.

MOSES WEISEL.

WATER ST, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniture, Wares and Stationery.

☞ I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of ☜

Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery, Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glass-ware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.

Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES! Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low,

—If You Want to Save Money Call and See Me.—

P. W. MELICK,

Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

MAIL TO FARMS.

Agitation for Free Postal Delivery in Rural Districts.

Postmaster-General Wanamaker's Views on the Subject.

An organized effort is under way among farmers to secure from Congress free mail delivery in country towns. The Farmers' Alliance, Patrons of Husbandry and other orders are canvassing the matter. Letters are being written to Congressmen in favor of the project, and petitions to Congress for free delivery are being circulated in many parts of the country.

Farmers assert that a daily mail delivery at their door would add perceptibly to the money value of their farms, and would be worth still more because it would keep them in touch with markets and the outside world, and rob farm life of its isolation and monotony. The farmers are writing to the agricultural press that this convenience would enable them quite generally to take a daily paper, as well as to subscribe for the local papers more liberally.

In the *American Agriculturist* for November Postmaster-General Wanamaker states definitely for the first time that the experiment made by the Postoffice Department for free delivery in farming districts shows that the increase of revenue more than pays all the increased expenses. He believes that universal free delivery would, therefore, be self sustaining.

Mr. Wanamaker's article also contains this statement of the case:

"When a town grows to 10,000 population and puts down footwalks and puts up numbers on the houses, the Postoffice Department is authorized by act of Congress to establish a carrier service to deliver mail matter at the doors of houses and offices. As the town increases postal stations are established.

"Thus the postal service keeps pace with the growth of the town. While all this postal work is going on at the thickly populated points, the farmers, quarrymen, blacksmiths, millers and artisans, all paying the regulation rates of postage, are left to get their mail as best they can from the postoffice in the village or at the railway station.

"In a hamlet of 100 houses perhaps sixty persons from the village and the vicinage make a daily pilgrimage of a distance of from one block to two miles from the home to the postoffice, to find out whether there is any mail or not; and a hundred more persons within the circle of the office do not find it convenient to go to the postoffice oftener than once a week. One hundred or more persons each day, in all weathers, are making trips to the postoffice, often at great personal inconvenience and discomfort, when a single carrier could once or twice a day make the round of the village and distribute the mail, and save the hundred a daily unnecessary tramp, collecting at the same time from the letter boxes, located at the street corners, the mail to be forwarded. A newspaper brought every day to the door of the farmer or workman who has no one to go to the postoffice for it would find a thankful subscriber and light a new lamp in the household.

"True enough, the village or cross-roads inhabitants, or the dweller on the farm, chooses his home for his family and might live in the city, where gas and water and mails are brought to his door; but when people everywhere pay the same rate of postage, why should one portion of them have mail facilities denied to other portions? Is it fair to the rural localities to refuse postal service equal to that provided for the cities? Is it not a reflection on the intelligence and aspirations of the farmer and the artisan to ignore his need of the convenience of correspondence and of supplies of newspapers and magazines? Does it not retard the settlement of country districts to neglect to provide, in some form or other, means for at least daily intercourse with the rest of the world?"

THE enlistment of Indians into the United States army has proved to be a marked success. So far there are seven troops composed entirely of Indians, and two troops are in the course of formation. These enlisted Indians can all read and speak English.

DAVID REAGAN was sentenced for larceny by Judge Bond in the Superior Court in Boston, Mass., to twenty-five years' imprisonment under the habitual criminal law. The prisoner is fifty-four years of age.

E. B. Walthall & Co., Druggists, Horse Cave, Ky., say: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cures every one that takes it." Sold by Druggists, 75c.

QUEEN VICTORIA has fifty living descendants.

The demands of society often induce ladies to use quack stimulants when feeling badly. They are dangerous! Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is adapted to such cases.

Commendable.

All claims not consistent with the high character of Syrup of Figs are purposely avoided by the Cal. Fig Syrup Company. It acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the system effectually, but it is not a cure-all and makes no pretensions that every bottle will not substantiate.

A King in the Family.

Dr. Hoxsie's Certain Croup Cure for colds, coughs, croup and pneumonia has no rival. Cures without nausea or any disarrangement. Sold by druggists or mailed on receipt of 50 cts. Address A. P. Hoxie, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Convenience of Solid Trains.

The Erie is the only railway running solid trains over its own tracks between New York and Chicago. No change of cars for any class of passengers. Rates lower than via any other first-class line.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

The happiness of mother and child depends upon the health of both, a lady writes: "My boy and I are splendid, thanks to Mrs. Pinkham and the Vegetable Compound."

Out of Sorts

Describes a feeling peculiar to persons of dyspeptic tendency, or caused by change of climate, season or life. The stomach is out of order, the head aches or does not feel right,

The Nerves

seem strained to their utmost, the mind is confused and irritable. This condition finds an excellent corrective in Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by its regulating and toning powers, soon

Restores Harmony

to the system, and gives strength of mind, nerves and body. N. B. Be sure to get

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Which in curative power is Peculiar to Itself.

Nothing on Earth

WILL

MAKE HENS LAY

LIKE

Sheridan's Condition Powder!

If you can't get it send to us.

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity it costs less than a tenth of a cent a day. Strictly a medicine. Prevents and cures all diseases. Good for young chicks. Worth more than gold when hens moult. Sample for 25 cents in stamps, five packages $1. 1 14 lb. can, by mail, $1.20. Six cans $5.00, express paid. Sample of our **BEST POULTRY PAPER** *Sent Free.*

I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

JOHNSON'S

ANODYNE

LINIMENT

Originated by an Old Family Physician

For INTERNAL as much as EXTERNAL use.

Stops Pain, Cramps, Inflammation in body or limb, like magic. Cures Croup, Asthma, Colds, Catarrh, Lame Back, Stiff Joints and Strains. Full particulars free. Price, everywhere, 35 cts. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

TO KEEP IT SWEET **CIDER** OR PREVENT *Secondary* FERMENTATION.

USE IMPROVED

PRESERVING POWDER.

It does not impair the taste or flavor, is thoroughly reliable and *absolutely harmless to the human system.* Send 35 cts. for 5 sample, forwarded; one sufficient for 40 gallons. One pound, sufficient for 8 Bbls., $1.50, receiver to pay charges, or $1.80 by mail, prepaid. Price lower in larger quantities.

W. ZINSSER & CO., 197 William St., N. Y. city.

Mention this paper when writing.

FLOWER SEEDS FREE. Tulips 30c. Doz. H. F. BURT, Taunton, Mass.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

AN attachment of over $700,000 was issued in New York City against Ex-President John Hoey's property, and a direct charge of embezzlement was made against him by the Adams Express Company.

THE three-masted schooner Rebecca A. Taulane, of Boston, commanded by Captain Amia Nickerson, of South Chatham, Mass., went down at sea, and her crew of seven men were drowned.

THE body of Miss Laury S. Presbery, the missing Smith College girl, was found in Paradise Pond, Springfield, Mass. She had committed suicide. She was the daughter of wealthy parents, but was detected robbing one of her college mates, and preferred death to disgrace. It is believed she was a kleptomaniac, as she had plenty of money of her own.

SAMUEL WHITNEY HALE, ex-Governor of New Hampshire, died at the home of his brother, in Brooklyn, N. Y. He was born in Fitchburg, Mass., in 1823.

THE General Conference of the Evangelical Church, which had been in session at Philadelphia, Penn., for two week, has just adjourned. The next General Conference will be held in the autumn of 1895, at Naperville, Ill.

AS four men of Occum, Conn., who had acted as pall-bearers at a funeral in Willimantic, were driving back to Occum, their horse ran away down a hill. Peter McCafferty, aged thirty-five, was killed and John Shea was fatally hurt. The horses dashed over a precipice sixty feet high and were killed.

ON the first day of the sale at Hunt's Point, N. Y., of the racing stable of the late August Belmont, seventy-six stallions, broodmares and youngsters brought $270,050.

IRVING A. EVANS, the stock broker, known to Boston and New York speculators as "Nervy" Evans, shot himself dead at the summer residence of his uncle, Brice L. Evans, in Allentown, N. H.

SAM SMALL, the evangelist, was arrested in Boston, Mass., charged by another clergyman with swindling.

THE great shipbuilding firm of Harrison, Loring & Co., proprietors of the City Point Works, South Boston, Mass., has assigned. The liabilities are stated to be $375,000.

JOHN HOEY, of New York City, has resigned the managership of the Adams Express Company. Ex-Vice-President Spooner's property in Connecticut has been attached.

JAMES PARTON, the well known author and biographer, died at his home in Newburyport, Mass., after an illness of several weeks. He was born in Canterbury, England, on February 9, 1822.

ON the second day of the sale in New York City of thoroughbred horses belonging to the estate of the late August Belmont, the imported St. Blaise was sold to Charles Read, of Gallatin, Tenn., for $100,000, the highest price ever paid for a stallion. A yearling by St. Blaise brought $80,000. Twenty-four yearlings sold for $124,550. The total sum realized from the sale was $641,400.

AGED Mr. and Mrs. William J. Huyler, of Bergenfield, N. J., were instantly killed by an express train while driving over an ungraded railroad crossing in that village.

A LOCOMOTIVE'S boiler exploded near Pottsville, Penn., killing three men and fatally injuring another.

JONATHAN STEWARD, wholesale grocer, of Trenton, N. J., made an assignment. Liabilities, $329,000.

THE Pennsylvanian Senate, in session at Harrisburg, took up the investigation of State Treasurer Boyer and Auditor-General McCamant.

BY the premature explosion of a blast, three men at work on Dr. Webb's new railroad at Malone, N. Y., were killed and a fourth, an Italian, was terribly injured.

South and West.

COMMODORE NATHANIEL DUNCAN INGRAHAM, formerly of the United States Navy, died at Charleston, S. C., aged eighty-eight. He was born in Charleston and entered the Naval service at the age of nine years.

THE boiler of the steamer Evangel, plying between Fort Townsend, Wasaington, and Whiteoma, exploded, killing Gus Carlson and William Biggs, deckhands, and Julius Flint, fireman. Five others were severely scalded.

THE bodies of 999 soldiers who fell in the battle of Fort Recovery, Ohio, including the body of General Butler, were interred with impressive ceremonies in one immense grave at the cemetery set apart by the Government for that purpose. More than 50,000 people were on the grounds. Judge Samuel Hunt, of Cincinnati, delivered the address.

WILLIAM ROSE was hanged at Redwood Falls, Minn. He murdered Moses Lufkin, who objected to his attentions to his (Lufkin's) daughter. Aleck Morris was hanged at Madison, Ga., for the murder of Daniel Lockett, an aged colored man.

J. R. STEVENSON, aged thirty-eight, Professor of Astronomy in the Quincy (Ill.) High School, committed suicide. No cause for the act is known.

HENRY HOE slew the father and uncle of Miss Otte at McGregor, Iowa. Now he threatens the woman because she repulses him.

MRS. MARY THURMAN, wife of Judge Allen G. Thurman, died at her home in Columbus, Ohio. Her maiden name was Dun, and she was born in Chillicothe, Ohio, in 1811.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY men, employed on the Electricity Building at the World's Fair grounds, Chicago, Ill., quit work because their foreman, William Irving, had been told to accept a position at forty cents an hour or quit.

GOVERNOR STEELE tendered his resignation as Governor of Oklahoma to President Harrison, who accepted it. The cause of Governor Steele's resignation was not known.

HANCOCK & Co., dealers in general merchandise at Gretna, Neb., were closed on a mortgage of $10,000 held by the Gretna State Bank. The mortgage was given by A. N. Hancock, Vice-President of the bank, and immediately after the store closed the bank suspended. The wildest excitement reigned all the afternoon when it was learned that the Vice-President had decamped with some of the securities.

JOHN RUSH, a young white man, was lynched at Columbia, La., for the murder of Hagar Sterling, an old colored woman.

AT the Norton beet sugar factory at Norfolk, Neb., Lloyd Cobb, son of one of Norfolk's leading business men, fell into one of the carbonation tanks and was overcome by the carbonic acid gas, which is used in the manufacture of sugar. Cobb died soon after being taken out. Jules Vigeraux, who tried to rescue him, was fatally injured.

Washington.

THE United States has bought 1,000,000 acres of land from the Shoshone Indians for $600,000. Fifty-five cents an acre for coal and oil fields.

CAPTAIN SHEPARD, Chief of the Revenue Marine Division of the Treasury, Washington, has received a report from Captain Hooper, commanding the revenue cutter Corwin, dated Sitka, Alaska, giving a detailed statement of the cruise of that vessel in Behring Sea during the past season, including his action in warning sealing vessels against a violation of the modus vivendi.

THE Treasury Department has had printed for distribution several thousand copies of a pamphlet, entitled "A Brief History of Coinage Legislation in the United States." It is an interesting document of twenty pages and contains the story of coinage legislation from 1792 to 1890 inclusive.

PROFESSOR M. W. HARRINGTON, Chief of the Weather Bureau, has directed that daily weather maps be sent to newspaper editors in all large cities of the country, as well as to agricultural and business centres, in order to facilitate the dissemination of news regarding the prospect. Something like 4000 copies are now being distributed from the sixty printing stations.

THE Lucy Webb Hayes Deaconesses' Home and Bible College for Home and Foreign Missionaries was dedicated at Washington.

THE annual report of Major General Nelson A. Miles, commanding the Department of the Missouri, is mainly a historical review of the Sioux war of last winter. He recommends that the National Guard of the country be mobilized at the World's Columbian Exposition in 1893.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL STANLEY, commanding the Department of Texas, in his annual report to the War Department details the location and strength of the border garrisons, and says that they are much too small for the service expected of them.

SECOND COMPTROLEER GILKESON in his annual report to the Secretary of the Treasury says that 50,732 accounts, claims and cases, involving the sum of $176,884,062 were settled during the last fiscal year.

THE Ecumenical Council, on the eleventh day of its session at Washington, adopted an address to the Methodist churches of the world.

THE railway bulletin of the eleventh census has been issued from Washington.

THE Methodist Ecumenical Council, sitting in Washington for twelve days, adjourned sine die.

RETURN JONATHAN MEIGS, who has been clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia since its organization, March 28, 1863, died a few days ago at his home in Washington City in the ninetieth year of his age. He was appointed clerk of the court at the direct request of President Lincoln.

Foreign.

ARTHUR E. SMITHERS, Managing Director of the English Bank of the River Plate, was arrested in London charged with stealing $35,000.

DISASTROUS droughts and great loss of stock are reported from the State of Sonora, Mexico.

AN old woman of seventy, a young woman and three children lost their lives in a fire in a tenement house at Millwall Docks, London, England.

THE storm in Great Britain broke out again with renewed violence and did much damage.

THE Italian Government has agreed to remove the prohibition against American pork.

IT was officially announced that the Right Hon. Arthur James Balfour, Member of Parliament for East Manchester and at present the Chief Secretary for Ireland, has been appointed First Lord of the British Treasury. Mr. Balfour will retain his office as the Chief Secretary for Ireland.

FIVE were killed and many injured in a railway collision at Kohlport, Silesia.

SIR HENRY PARKES, Premier of New South Wales, has resigned his office. The leader of the Opposition will form a new Cabinet.

THE storms of the last few days in the British Isles have caused many rivers to overflow their banks, great damage resulting.

AN animal tamer, at Buda Pesth, Hungary, entered the cage of a Bengal tiger, when the fierce beast attacked him, and the unfortunate man was soon torn to pieces in view of the horror-stricken people in the place.

NINE bulls were killed in the presence of President Diaz at a revival of bull fighting in the City of Mexico. The receipts were applied for the relief of sufferers by the floods in Spain, Mme. Diaz, wife of the President being a patroness.

A FRENCH force in Algeria has been ordered to the oasis of Tonat, in order to prevent its occupation by the Sultan of Morocco.

DON FERNANDO GUZZMAN, the ex-President of Nicaragua, is dead. His death is the cause of universal regret. No man was held in higher esteem by his countrymen. He was born in Grenada, Nicaraugua, in 1812. He came of an old and highly distinguished Spanish family whose American history dates back to the time of Cortez.

JOHN REDMOND, Parnellite, will be a candidate for the late leader's vacant seat for Cork City, in the British Parliament.

ADVICES from Almeria, in Andalusia, Spain, report the prevalence of great floods in that vicinity. The mountain torrents flowing from the Sierra Nevada have inundated the surrounding country. The damage to property was immense.

GRADY'S MONUMENT.

The Statue of the Dead Editor Unveiled at Atlanta, Ga.

The monument to Henry W. Grady was unveiled at half-past 1 o'clock in the afternoon a few days ago at Atlanta, Ga. The streets were thronged with visitors from every State in the South, and when the veil fell from the bronze statue, which stands in Marietta street, between the Government Building and the old Capitol, 30,000 people joined in cheers. The monument was unveiled by Miss Gussie Grady. Never in the history of Atlanta has a more imposing procession passed through its streets than the parade which passed from the Capitol to the monument. The Confederate Veterans and members of the Grand Army of the Republic marched together and were greeted with applause all along the line. Governor David B. Hill, of New York, the orator of the day, rode in the first carriage drawn by four white horses. By his side was Governor Northen, of Georgia.

Colonel Charles S. Northern, President of the Monument Association, presided. Prayer was offered by the Rev. J. W. Lee, after which Fulton Colville told the story of the monument's construction. Charles Howell, Mr. Grady's successor as managing editor of *Constitution*, and the Speaker of the Georgia House of Representatives, then introduced Governor Hill. The Governor was greeted with enthusiasm and made the dedication speech.

The monument was designed by Alexander Doyle. The statue is of heroic size. It represents Mr. Grady, with uncovered head, standing in an easy attitude, with the left foot somewhat advanced. The general pose is that of an orator engaged in delivering a speech, the left arm hanging by the side and the right crossing the breast and clasping between the forefinger and the thumb the lapel of a full frock coat. On the right and left of the statue are allegorical figures of Memory and History, and the figures surmount a great stone pedestal, the east sides of which bears the following inscription: Henry W. Grady, Journalist, Orator, Patriot, Editor of the Atlanta *Constitution*, Born in Athens, Ga., May 24, 1850; Died in Atlanta, December 23, 1889. Graduated at the State University in the year 1868. He never held or sought public office. "When he died he was literally loving a Nation into peace." Below this, in large letters, is the name: Henry W. Grady. On the west side are two quotations from Mr. Grady's speeches.

RAIN MAKING.

The Government Experimenters Joyful Over Their Success

The Government rain makers are very joyful over their success at San Diego, Texas. The bombardment was on an elaborate scale and continued from 6 o'clock in the afternoon until midnight. Seventeen large balloons were filled with the terrible explosive gas and 1600 charges of dynamite and rackarock prepared. In addition to this there were 250 charges of the twelve-pound cannon, and 100 twenty-one-pound bombs for the mortar batteries. The moon shone brightly during the night, but at 3 A. M. clouds began to appear. At 4 o'clock the sky above was full of heavy clouds, but not a drop of rain had fallen. Then a balloon was sent up and exploded right in the clouds, and the mortar battery began shooting butts in rapid succession. In two minutes after the balloon exploded the rain came down, and in three minutes more it was falling in sheets. At sunrise a dry northwester came, and in a short time the storm clouds had been blown to shreds. One-half an inch fell.

THE management of the World's Fair has formally called upon the city of Chicago for $1,000,000 of the $5,000,000 voted to the organization.

THE MARKETS.

43 NEW YORK.			
Beeves	3 00	@	5 50
Milch Cows, com. to good	25 00	@	48 00
Calves, common to prime	2 00	@	8 50
Sheep	4 50	@	5 35
Lambs	5 50	@	6 25
Hogs—Live	4 00	@	5 10
Dressed	5	@	7½
Flour—City Mill Extra	25	@	5 35
Patents	5 35	@	5 65
Wheat—No. 2 Red	1 03⅝	@	1 05¼
Rye—State	90	@	92
Barley—Two-rowed State	90	@	92
Corn—Ungraded Mixed	63¼	@	65
Oats—No. 1 White	—	@	37½
Mixed Western	33½	@	36
Hay—Good to Choice	70	@	75
Straw—Long Rye	65	@	70
Lard—City Steam	—	@	06.25
Butter—State Creamery	31	@	31½
Dairy, fair to good	19	@	25
West. Im. Creamery	15	@	26
Factory	13	@	16½
Cheese—State Factory	7	@	10
Skims—Light	4	@	7½
Western	6	@	9
Eggs—State and Penn	23½	@	24
BUFFALO.			
Steers—Western	—	@	4 90
Sheep—Medium to Good	4 25	@	4 40
Lambs—Fair to Good	5 25	@	5 65
Hogs—Good to Choice Yorks	4 00	@	4 50
Flour—Best Winter	5 00	@	5 15
Wheat—No. 1 Northern	99¼	@	1 01¼
Corn—No. 2 Yellow	59½	@	60
Oats—No. 3, White	—	@	33½
Barley—No. 2 Western	66½	@	67
BOSTON.			
Egg—Near-by	25	@	26
Potatoes—Native Rose	45	@	50
Cheese—Northern, Choice	10	@	10¼
Hay—Eastern	15 00	@	16 00
Straw—Good to Prime	14 00	@	14 50
Butter—Firsts	24	@	28
WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.			
Beef—Dressed weight	2¾	@	6¾
Sheep—Live weight	3	@	4½
Lambs	5½	@	6¾
Hogs—Northern	5	@	6¾
PHILADELPHIA.			
Flour—Rye	4 85	@	5 00
Wheat—No. 2 Red, Nov	1 03¼	@	1 04
Corn—No. 2 Mixed, Nov	56	@	38
Oats—Ungraded White	—	@	36½
Potatoes	48	@	50
Butter—Creamery Extra	—	@	29
Cheese—Part skims	6	@	7½

LATER NEWS.

SECRETARY BLAINE left Augusta, Maine, for Washington.

GEORGE FITTS, farmer, McLean, N. Y., has been bunco'ed out of $8000.

BLACK DIPTHERIA is spreading rapidly in a Norwegian settlement in Soldiers Valley, Harrison County, Iowa. Fourteen deaths from the disease were reported, six of them in one family.

THE Postoffice Department reports that the postal revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30 last were $65,931,785, and expenditures to September 30, $71,662,453.

OFFICIAL notice was received in Washington that Italy will hereafter admit American pork, bacon, etc.

THE Indian Commissioner has ordered that all Indian children between five and eighteen years of age, in suitable health, must attend school.

A FIRE has destroyed the town of Dida, Russia. The Government offices and over 400 other buildings were consumed.

THE Czar has donated $1,500,000 to the relief of the famine stricken provinces. Five cloth factors have failed in Moscow, with aggregate liabilities of $1,500,000.

A BAND of about fifty Albanians attacked a party of Montenegrins and a fight took place at a point between Bielopolie and Sienitza. Six Montenegrins were killed and one was severely wounded.

THE Chilian elections for Presidential electors and members of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies resulted in a sweeping victory for the Liberals.

IN Oakdale, Penn., John Stabler's dog bit William McMahon. McMahon killed the dog and then shot Stabler, killing him instantly.

THE new forty thousand dollar Court House at Childress, Texas, with all the records of Childress and Cottle Counties, was burned.

GOVERNOR NORTHEN, of Georgia, has vetoed the School bill, involving an appropriation of $1,200,000.

THE boiler of a threshing machine burst at Mayville, North Dakota, and killed six men. The explosion was due to cold water being forced into a heated boiler when the water was low.

THE Postoffice at Crookston, Minn., was broken into and robbed. Stamps, registered letters and money orders to the amount of $3500 and $100 in cash were taken.

THE Bank of Lewisburg, the oldest banking house in Lewisburg, Tenn., closed its doors, owing to the stringency in the money markets and failure to secure extension of time. The liabilities are $80,000.

THE Louisiana National Bank of New Orleans, La., made public the fact that it had been robbed by its paying teller, Eugene Garcia, aged seventy, of $190,000.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Board of Regents of the Smitsonian Institution was held at Washington to take action in regard to a gift of $200,000 made by Thomas C. Hodgkins, of Setauket, N. Y. Half of the amount is given without restriction save that its income is to be used like that of the original bequest of James Smithson, "for the increase and diffusion of knowledge among men."

AN agreement has been concluded by the Interior Department with the Tonkawa tribe of Indians of the Indian Territory, by which the Indians cede to the United States 80,000 acres of lands, the consideration being $30,000.

AN abortive attempt at revolution took place in Paraguay.

SERIOUS anti-Semitic riots are reported at Tchernigoff, Russia, in which thirty Hebrews were killed, while 500 suffered either in person or in property. The populace think that the Hebrews are responsible for the famine.

AS a military train was passing through the town of Reni, in Bessarabia, bombs were thrown by which ten soldiers were killed and six seriously injured.

DISASTROUS floods are reported from the provinces of Granada, Spain. Railway traffic is stopped, many houses wrecked and cattle lost. The Thames overflowed its banks for thirty miles, and reports from all over Great Britain indicated an increasing flood and great damage. A terrible storm raging in the Valley of the Rhone, France, has swept away the St. Olliere bridge, demolished the railway between Nismes and Uzes and submerged the plain around Besseges.

JOHN E. REDMOND announces that he is "the elected leader of the Irish Parliamentary party," succeeding Parnell.

EX-UNITED STATES CONSUL MURRAY committed suicide at St. John, New Brunswick, by shooting himself in the head. Mr. Murray was a native of New York.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

DURING the season the League clubs employed 178 players.

THE Philadelphia League nine of '91 was the largest salaried in its history.

PITCHER KING, of Pittsburg, has the poorest record of all the League twirlers.

ANSON, of Chicago, now denies that he had the cheapest team in the country.

PITCHER RUSIE has declined, for the present at least, to re-sign with New York for next season.

IN 1883 the Bostons won twenty-one consecutive games and also won the League championship.

WESTERVELT, a well-known amateur pitcher, has agreed to sign a contract with the New York Club.

KELLY, of the Boston League team, has a record of having played with two pennant-winning teams in one season.

FOR the first time in the history of baseball the two leading championships have been won by clubs of one city.

As the Boston League club refused to meet the Boston Association team in a series of games, the latter claimed the world's championship.

PITTSBURG, of the League, and Washington, of the Association, have had more men under contract than any three teams in either organization.

PRESIDENT DAY attributes the failure of his New York club to lack of newspaper support. Mutrie and Ewing, on the other hand, attribute it to accidents to players.

ACCORDING to unofficial averages Hamilton, of the Philadelphia Club, leads all League batsmen with .329. Daily, of Brooklyn, is second, with .314, and Browning, of Cincinnati, third, with .313.

THE Boston Association team were whitewashed less times than any League or Association club last season. They were shut out once by Milwaukee and 1 ones by St. Louis. The Boston League nine was shut out three times.

A DASTARDLY DEED.

A Purposely Misplaced Switch Sends an Express Train to Destruction.

Five persons were killed and fifty or sixty injured in a wreck at 1 o'clock in the morning on the Burlington road, at Monmouth, Ill. The Omaha and Denver fast express ran into an open switch, and the entire train was thrown from the track.

Engineer Emerson and the traveling engineer of the road, who had gone into the cab before the wreck, were killed outright. A lady passenger was found pinioned under the trucks of the sleeper. She had evidently been hurled through a win low by the crash. Her body was crushed. Near her were a man and woman, both dead, under the sleeper.

The train consisted of three sleepers, two coaches, one smoker, one baggage, one express and two mail cars. The train was speeding at the rate of forty-five miles an hour when it reached the open switch.

The officials of the road say the cause of the accident was malicious displacement of a switch. The switch was found after the wreck partly thrown and the pin out.

THE famishing peasants in Russia are flocking into the towns, but many die by the wayside; crimes are on the increase.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

Interesting Late Dispatches Gleaned From the Wires.

Sunol Trots a Mile in 2:08 1-4 at Stockton, Cal.

Sunol, Robert Bonner's wonderful mare, trotted a mile in 2:08¼ on the kite-shaped track at Stockton, Cal., beating her own record of 2:10 made a week before and lowering the world's record of Maud S. of 2:08¾ by half a second.

Marvin, her trainer, hesitated to trot her against the record on account of a strong breeze which was blowing. The day was warm, however, and otherwise favorable to record breaking.

At 5 o'clock Marvin jumped into the sulky and gave the mare a warming up driving her five miles. He finally nodded for the word, and the little mare was off like a flash. A runner was in waiting for her at the half-mile pole, and she came in with very little urging. Six timekeepers were in the stand, a double set having been employed, and very watch was the same. The mare made the first quarter in 0:31¾, the half in 1:04, the three-quarters in 1:37, and the mile in 2:08¾.

Sunol finished strong, and the horsemen present pronounced her the gamest trotter ever seen on a local track. When the time was announced the crowd went almost crazy with enthusiasm for the horse and her driver, and followed them to the stable, giving both a veritable ovation all the way.

The quarters were trotted very unevenly, as will be seen, the record being 0:31¾, 0:32¾, 0:33, and 0:31½. The middle quarters were the slowest, both including a part of the semicircle of this peculiarly formed track. Had she been able to trot these as fast as she did the first and last quarters, when she was going on a dead straight line, she would have made the mile in 2:05.

Sunol was bred by Leland Stanford at the Palo Alto farm in Santa Clara County, California, thirty-two miles from San Francisco. She was foaled April 14, 1886.

Her sire was Electioneer and her dam was Waxana, by General Benton. Her grand dam was Waxy, a thoroughbred.

It is through her dam that she inherits the thoroughbred blood, the potency of which has all along been championed by both Mr. Stanford and Mr. Bonner, and illustrated by successes of Maud S., the queen who was, and Sunol, the queen who is.

Sunol's career has ever been indicative of imperial greatness. As a two-year-old she made the then record of 2:18, and as a three-year-old reduced it to 2:10½, which was the world's record for that age. Robert Bonner was one of the first to appreciate her worth. He paid $41,000 for her.

General Howard's Report.

Major-General Oliver O. Howard, commanding the Department of the East, devotes much space in his annual report to the War Department at Washington to the discussion of coast defences. He says that at New York, San Francisco and Boston new guns and mortars to meet Many fixed torpedoes or submarine mines have, however, been already constructed for use at these points. General Howard calls special attention to the necessity of having fortified points as a basis of a proper defence of our national interests. Increased pay for non-commissioned officers is also recommended.

General Howard remarks that the regimental promotion of first lieutenants is producing greater and greater irregularities, and as the lineal promotion of second lieutenants give to them certainty and fairness of promotion, he recommends the extension of the system to the firsts. The new methods of examination for promotion are praised, and, he remarks, have been an improvement on the post-traders' stores, and useful, except when placed too near the men's quarters. The beneficial effect of the canteen at small posts is doubtful. "From consultation with officers in charge of these canteens, I am of the impression that the evil that the sale of beer engenders in making it creditable for recruits to drink, more than counterbalances the restraining effect it exercises on the habitual drinkers and confirmed drunkards. The benefits of the system to large garrisons, however, are numerous. I decidedly recommend that no soldier be placed behind the bar to deal out drinks to his comrades. It is certainly demoralizing to have a military subject acting as a barkeeper."

Two Old Sisters Found Dead.

Two small attic rooms in a four-story brick tenement house in the rear of No. 61 Prince street, Boston, Mass., have been occupied for a great many years by Margaret and Bridget Breen, seventy-five and seventy-eight years old respectively. They are sisters, and both are unmarried. Since early the other morning neither of the sisters had been seen, and repeated knockings brought no response. An officer forced in the door and found one of the old women, Margaret, lying dead near the door. In the rear room, covered by a sheet, was the other sister, who was blind. She was also dead. It is supposed that she died first and that her sister covered her up and then ran toward the door to call the neighbors, but was also stricken with death before she could do so. For five or six years they had been unable to do any work. Although offered food repeatedly by their neighbors, they were so proud they always refused to accept it. Both appeared emaciated and, without doubt, had died of starvation.

Blown to Pieces by Powder.

A terrific explosion occurred in the packing-house of the Columbia Powder Company, three miles from Farmingdale, N. J. The building was completely demolished. At the time of the explosion all of the employes had left the building except Grandit L. Vonnet, aged twenty-one, of Farmingdale, and Archibald Johnson, aged seventeen, of Hendrickson's Switch. Johnson was literally blown to atoms, and Vonnet's body was horribly mutilated. The body was thrown over 500 yards. The cause of the explosion is unknown. The building contained 2500 pounds of powder.

Found Their Little Ones Burned.

Near Lime Rock, Ala., John Long, a farmer, and his wife went to visit a sick neighbor, leaving their four children at home asleep. The hall lamp was left burning. Returning at 2 o'clock that morning the Longs found the house in ruins and three of the children, aged twelve, six and two years, burned to death. The other child, a boy aged fourteen years, was fatally burned. It is supposed that the lamp exploded.

Died Under the "Gold Cure."

Judge Balser K. Higginbotham, one of the most elegant orators that ever took the stump in Indiana, went to the Keely Institute for the bi-chloride of gold treatment for dipsomania, at Plainfield, Ind., a few nights ago.

He took the injections for two days and died. He stumped New York with Roscoe Conkling for Garfield in 1880.

THE LABOR WORLD.

WASHINGTON miners are on a strike.

NEW YORK sewing girls are organizing.

NEW YORK CITY has 600 union furriers.

WOMEN work in Houtzdale (Penn.) mines.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nev., has a teachers' union.

TEXAS colored cotton-pickers have a union.

NEW YORK K. of L. protest against Italian labor.

ENGLAND suggests an international eight-hour day.

NEW YORK has a Hebrew pavement workers' union.

WOMEN marble cutters in Italy get twenty-five cents a day.

THE working-women's unions of Germany publish a paper.

NEW YORK buttonhole makers won a fifteen weeks' strike.

THE Waltham Watch Company has cut wages twenty per cent.

MISS BRANN, the organizer of the German barmaids, has been exiled.

WAR DEPARTMENT clerks in Washington will hereafter be paid weekly.

FOUR dramatic companies in New York are composed of labor union talent.

COMPULSORY life insurance is the order of a New York heating company to its employes.

NEW YORK coach drivers, stablemen and washers protest against fifteen hours a day, and are organizing.

THE Brotherhood of Railway Conductors and the Order of Railway Conductors recently voted for federation.

THE United States steamer Dispatch, which went ashore in Delaware Bay, is a complete wreck. The wreck is said to be due to a blunder of Second Lieutenant Milligan, who mistook the Assateague light for Winter Quarter Shoals light, which is some twelve miles further north. He ordered the vessel put closer in to the shore and shortly afterward she ran aground on the shoals.

WORLD'S FAIR NOTES.

FLORIDA, at its recent World's Fair convention, decided to raise $100,000 for its representation at Chicago in 1891.

GUATEMALA has opened World's Columbian Exposition headquarters with an enthusiasm which assures a splendid exhibit from that country.

A NEW YORK company that manufactures self-winding clocks has offered to furnish free of cost all the time-pieces that will be needed in the building during the Fair.

TURKEY has appointed as World's Fair Commissioners D. Jemel Effendi, Agricultural Inspector at Broussa, and Pangiri Bey, Sub-Director of the Foreign Press Bureau.

THE First Infantry Regiment, National Guard of California, has decided to attend the Exposition in a body, and has inaugurated a plan for providing for the expenses of the trip.

THE National Association of Woolen Manufacturers and the American Pottery Association have each decided to make an exhibit at the Exposition such as has never before been seen in this country.

IVAN MALAKOFF, a St. Petersburg capitalist, wants to reproduce at the Exposition a street scene from Nijni Novgorod, the celebrated place where expositions have been held for 800 years. He agrees to spend $250,000 upon the reproduction.

THE magnitude of the building operations now going on at Jackson Park can be surmised from the fact that an average of from thirty-five to forty car loads of construction material arrives daily. The Exposition buildings are rising with wonderful rapidity.

A COMPANY has applied for space to erect a building in the form of an iceberg in which to make a polar exhibit. A group of Esquimaux, with reindeer, furs and all the paraphernalia of inhabitants of the polar regions, will be installed in the building if the concession is granted.

BETWEEN 340 and 350 men are employed in perfecting the landscape features of the Exposition site. It is the intention to make the grounds exceedingly beautiful by walks, drives, lawns, terraces, fountains, shrubbery and flowers. Several hundred thousand dollars are to be expended for this purpose.

THE Ways and Means Committee has granted W. L. Libby & Son Company, of Toledo, Ohio, a concession for the operation of a big cut-glass factory. The company will invest between $50,000 and $75,000 on its plant, which will be located at Fifty-ninth street, in the Midway Plaisance, on a plat of land 150 by 250 feet.

C. W. WYNKOOP has been sent out by a London syndicate to find the gold mines in the biblical lands of Ophir, where King Solomon and the Queen of Sheba got their riches. He will report to Chief Skiff the result of his investigations, and promises to furnish some interesting matter for the mines and mining department.

THE Exposition Directory has called upon the Comptroller of the city